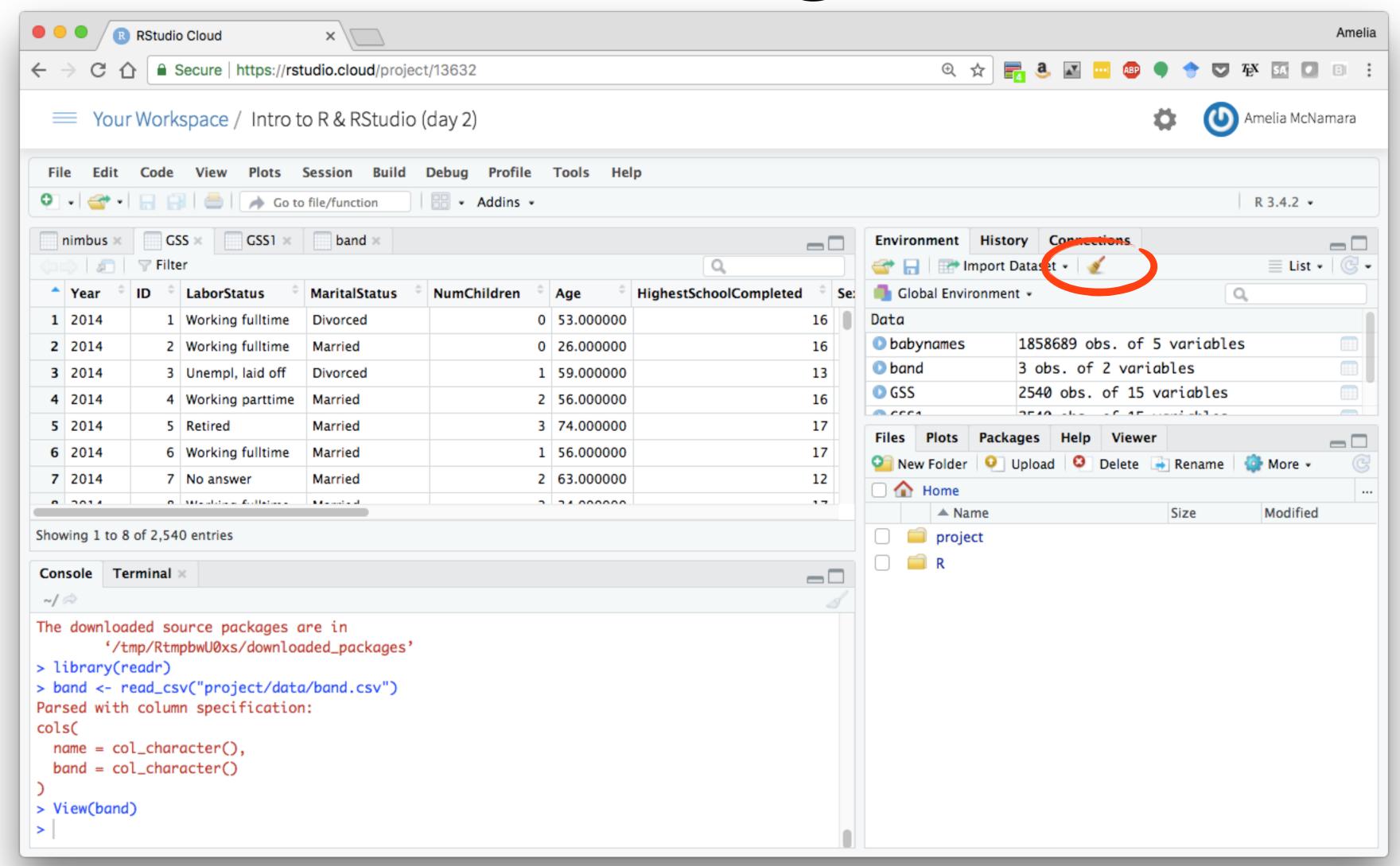
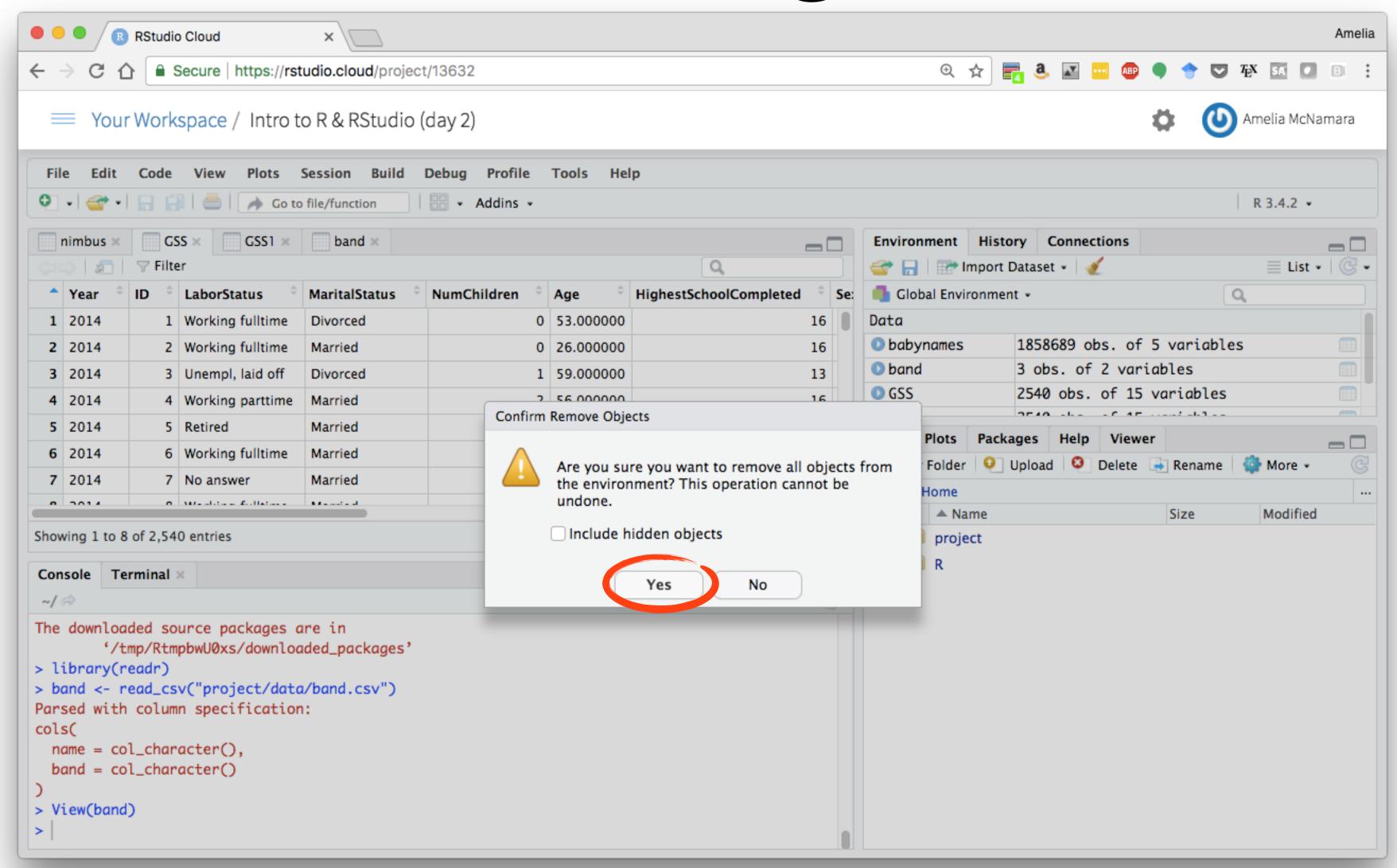
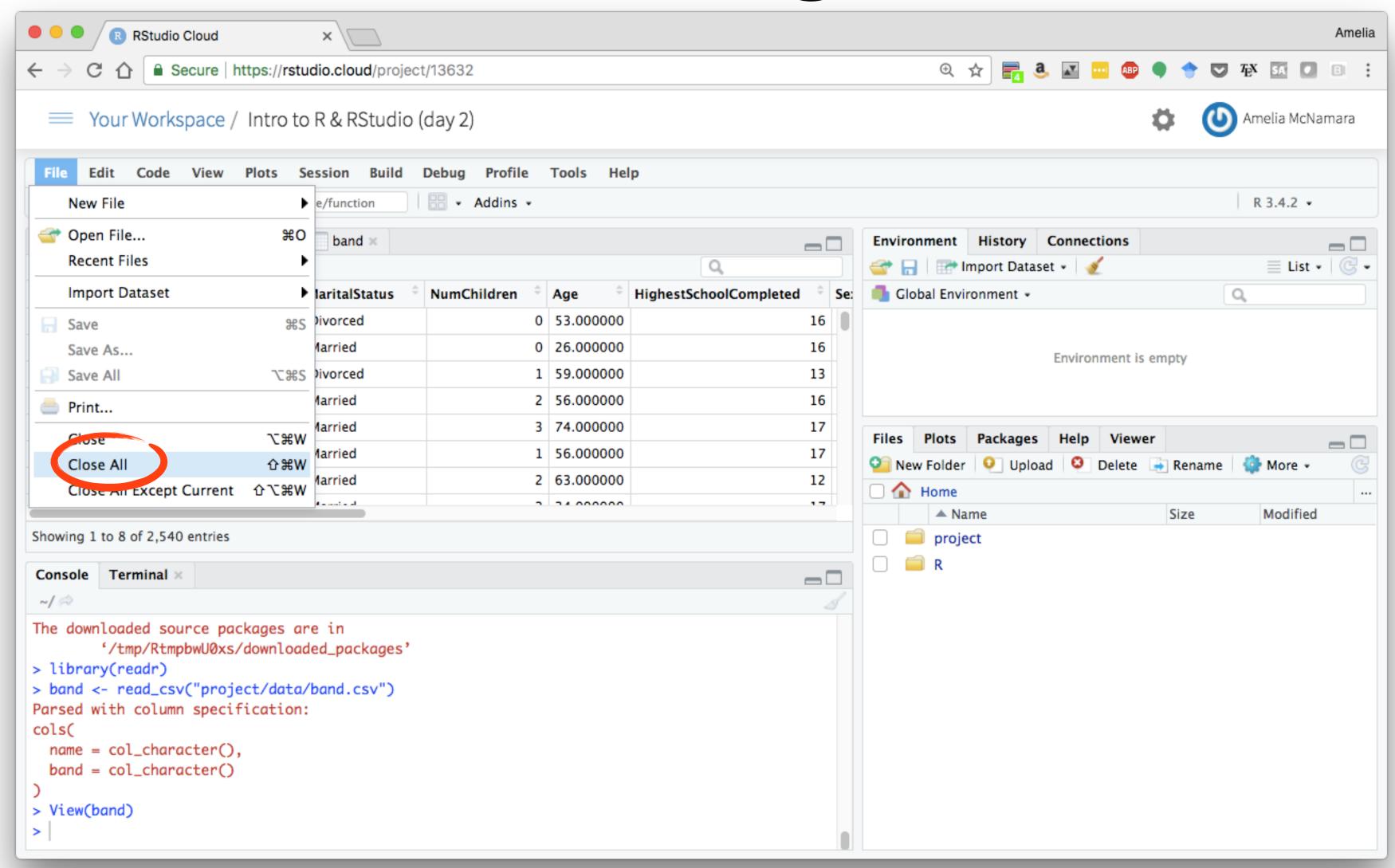
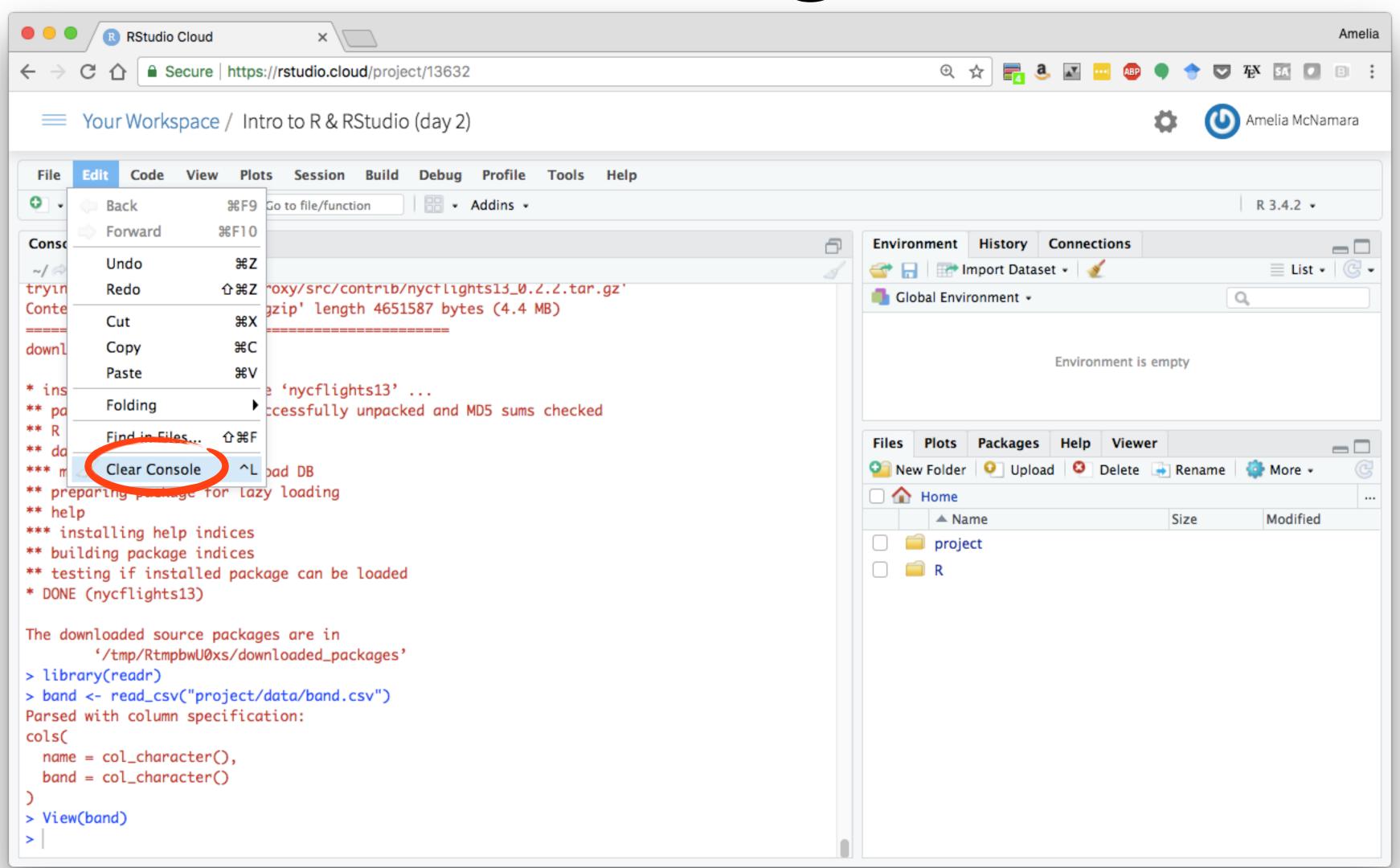
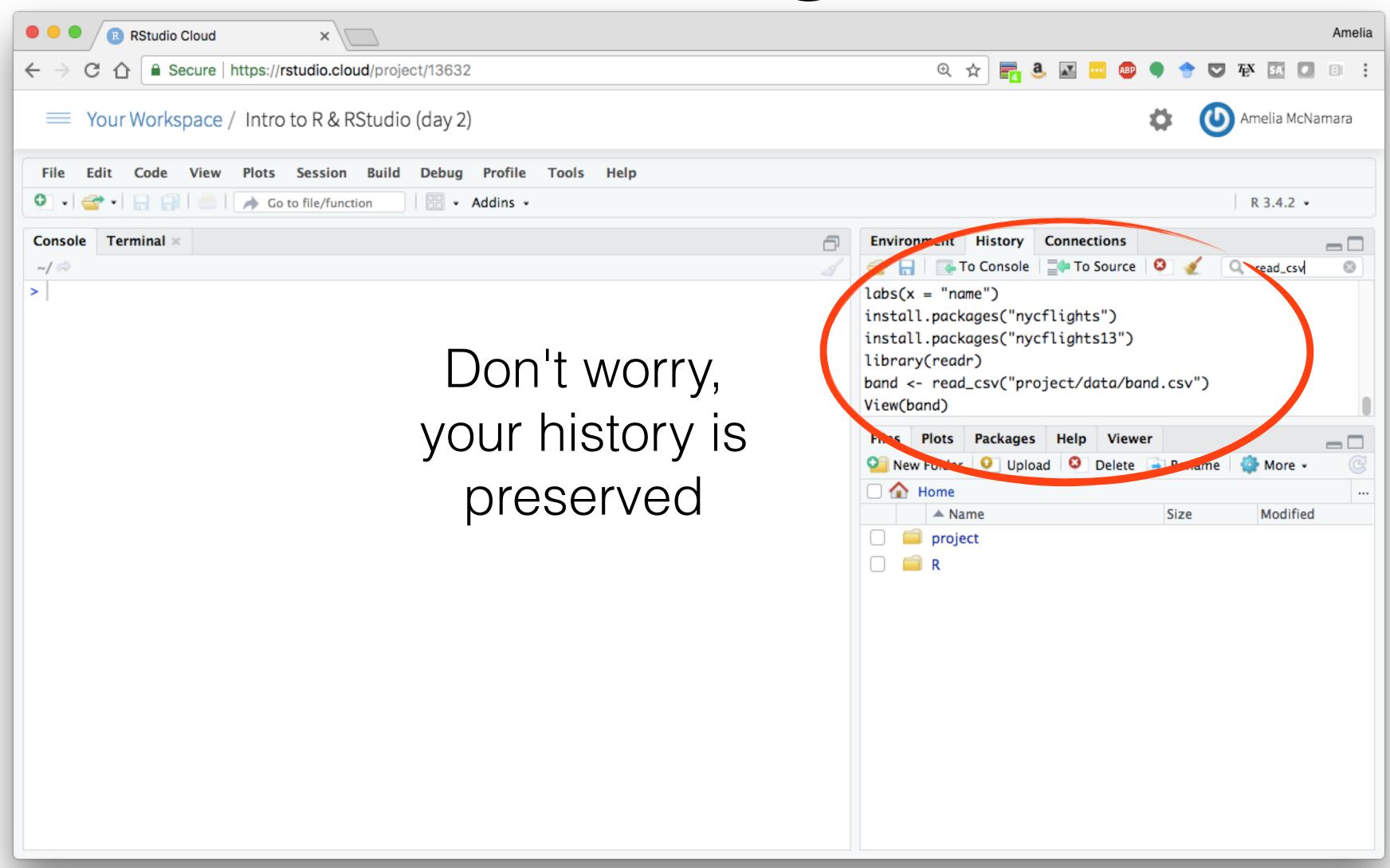
Workflow basics, RMarkdown, git/Github



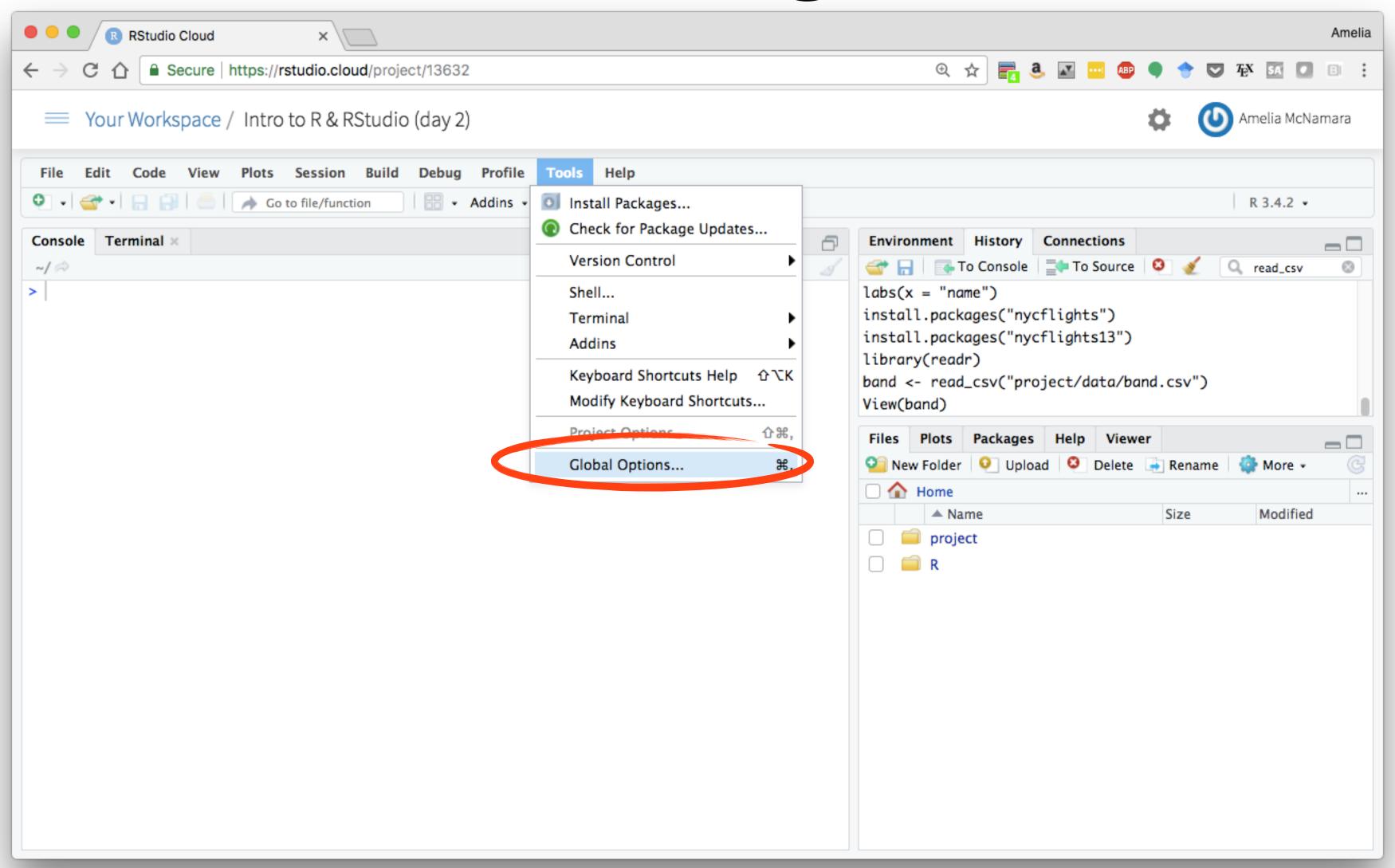


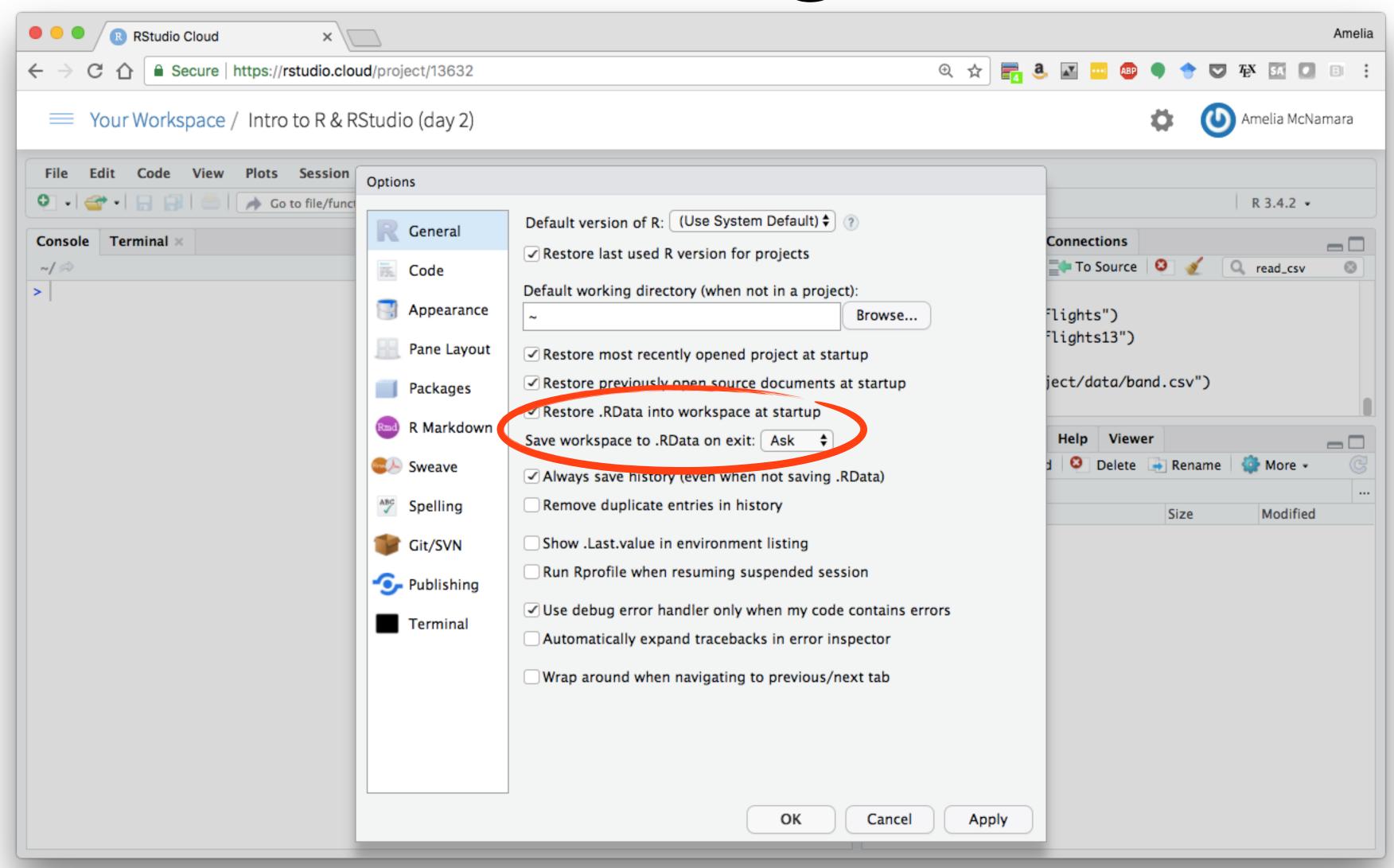




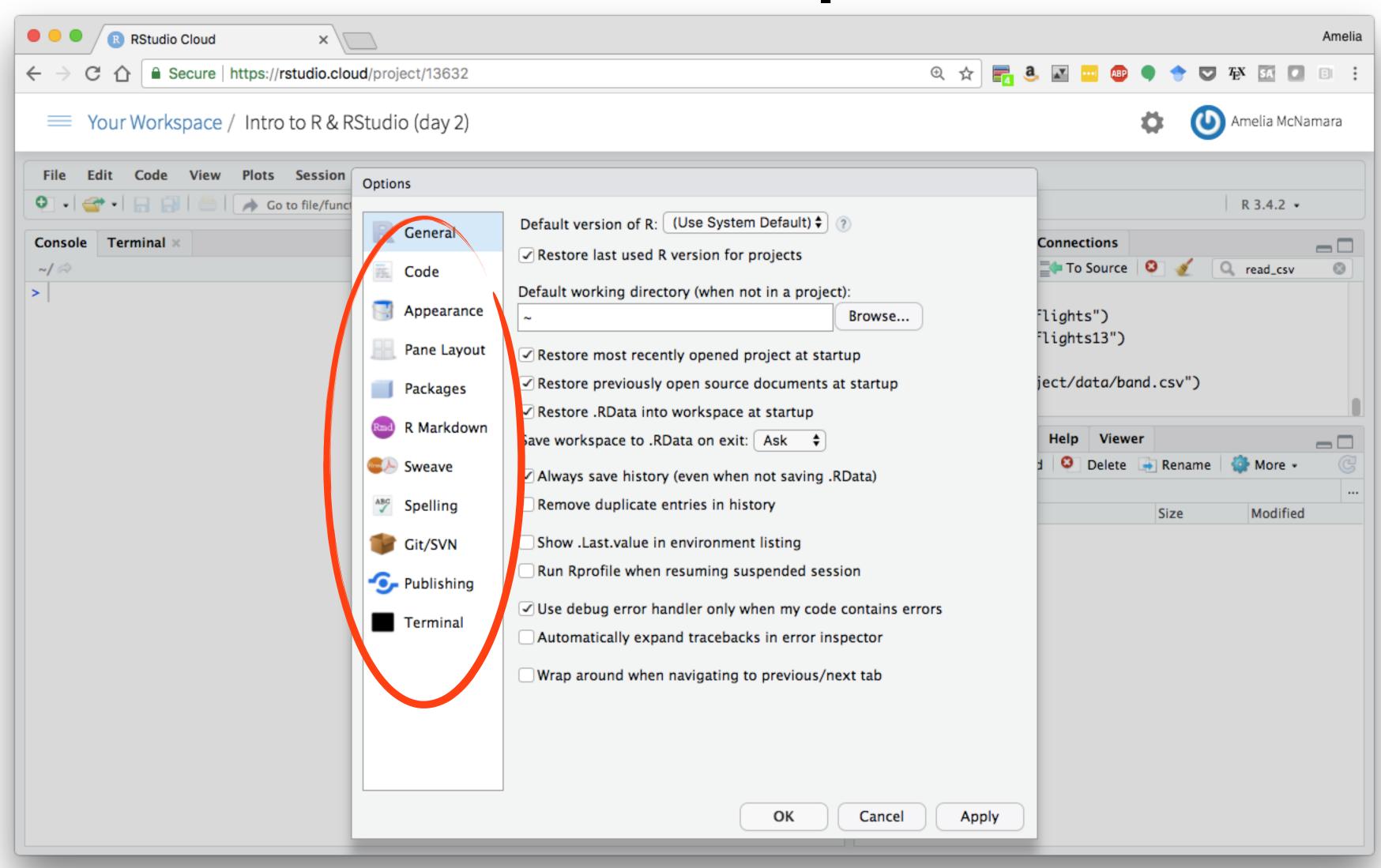


Settings





Lots more options!



RMarkdown

Structure of an Rmd file

- Minimum requirement: File name ends with .Rmd
- A little richer: first several lines are YAML markup
 - Connect to other systems, e.g. Shiny, blowdown, book down
 - Set style and document output format

```
my-first-rmd.Rmd ×

1 ---

2 title: "Starting with Rmd"

3 author: "Danny Kaplan et al."

4 date: "1/15/2019"

5 output:

6 html_document:

7 number_sections: true

8 fig_caption: true

9 ---

10

11 * # Section 1

12

8:22 ## Starting with Rmd $
```



Text and headers

- ▶ Text can be plain text or decorated as *italic* or **bold**
- ► Headers use #s

```
# Header 1
```

Header 2

Header 3



Markdown Quick Reference

In RStudio: Help → Markdown Quick Reference

Markdown Quick Reference

R Markdown is an easy-to-write plain text format for creating dynamic documents and reports. See Using R Markdown to learn more.

Emphasis

```
*italic* **bold**
_italic_ __bold__
```

Headers

```
# Header 1
## Header 2
### Header 3
```

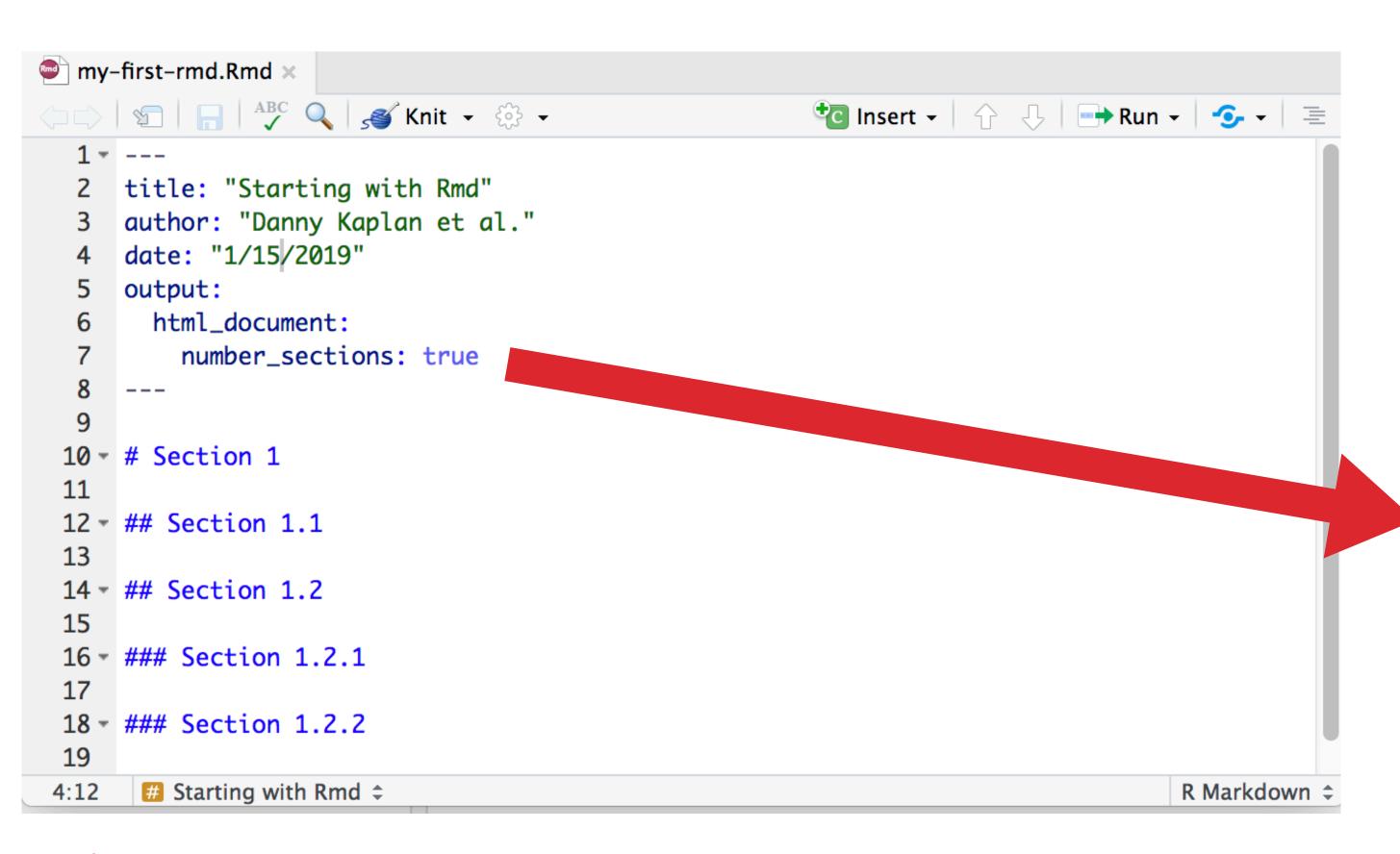
Lists

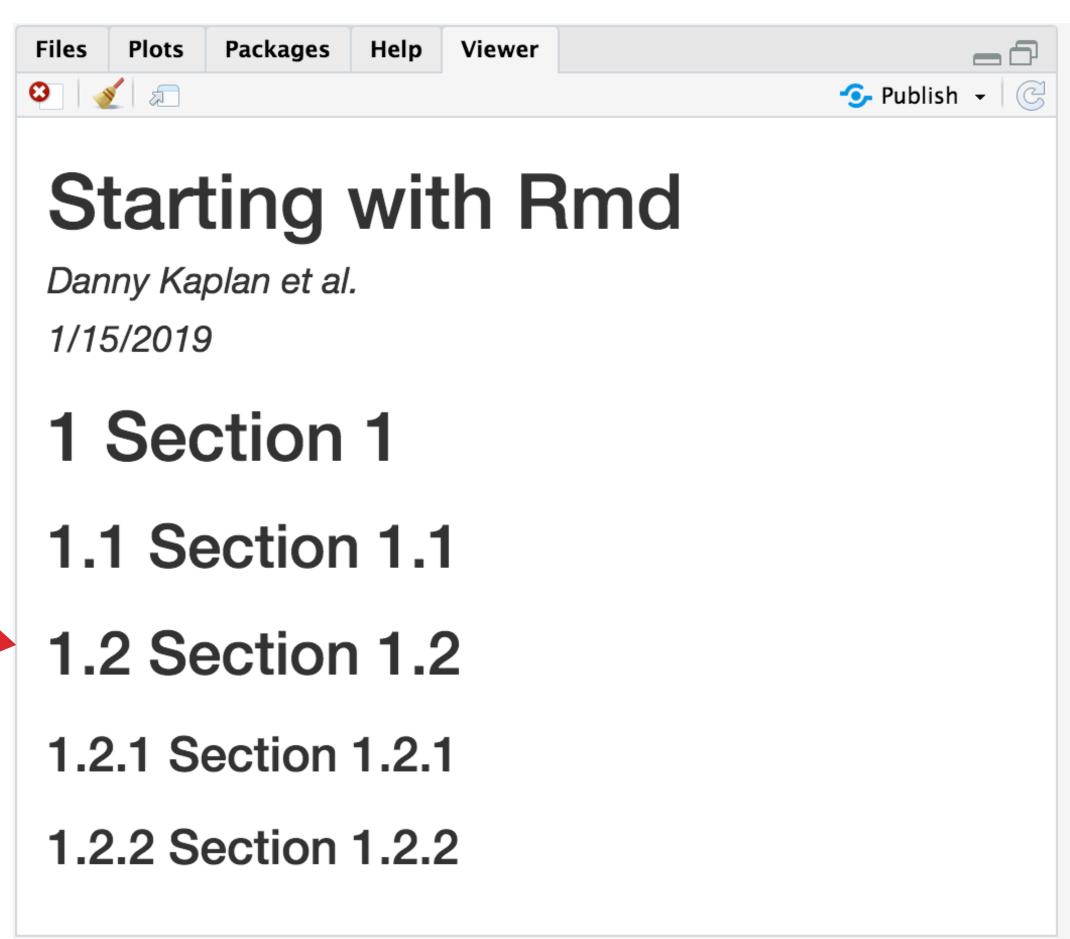
Unordered List

```
* Item 1
* Item 2
+ Item 2a
+ Item 2b
```



Numbered sections





Tips

Show / hide document outline

```
my-first-rmd.Rmd ×
     ¹ Insert → | ↑ → Run →
                                                                     Section 1
     # Section 1
                                                                     Section 1.1
                                                                     Section 1.2
     ## Section 1.1
                                                                      Section 1.2.1
                                                                      Section 1.2.2
 11
                                                                     Section 1.3
 12 - ## Section 1.2
                                                                     Section 2
 13
                                                                     Section 3
 14 - ### Section 1.2.1
                                                                     Section 3.1
 15
                                                                     Section 3.2
                                                                      Section 3.2.1
     ### Section 1.2.2
                                                                      Section 3.2.2
 17
     ## Section 1.3
 19
31:1 # Section 3.2.2 $
                                                                      R Markdown $
```





Links

- A link can be a plain http address or can underlie a phrase:
 - http://rmarkdown.rstudio.com/
 - [R Markdown website](http://rmarkdown.rstudio.com/)
- Long URLs with, e.g. query parameters, work just as well.



Images

- Including an image is very similar to hyperlinking
- Images can be on the web:

```
![RStudio logo](https://www.rstudio.com/wp-content/uploads/
2014/04/rmarkdown.png)
```

Or they can be locally stored, e.g. in a directory "images"
![RStudio logo](images/rmarkdown.png)



Tips

- ▶ To improve the accessibility of your document, always add **alt text** to your images.
- To print the alt text underneath the image as a caption,
 - use fig_caption: true in the YAML,
 - make sure there is a line break before the figure call.

```
my-first-rmd.Rmd ×

1 ---

2 title: "Starting with Rmd"

3 author: "Danny Kaplan et al."

4 date: "1/15/2019"

5 output:

6 html_document:

7 number_sections: true

8 fig_caption: true
```



Reference style links and images

Links

- A [linked phrase][id]
- At the bottom of the document: [id]: http://example.com/ "Title"

Images

- ![alt text][id]
- At the bottom of the document: [id]: figures/img.png "Title"
- Useful if you'll be linking to the same target/image multiple times throughout the document



Math text

- If you already know some LaTeX, you're good to go
- ▶ Equations can be inline:

```
- \pi_x \ \min N(\mu, \frac{\sigma}{\sqrt{n}})
• Equations can be inline: \bar{x} \sim N\left(\mu, \frac{\sigma}{\sqrt{n}}\right)
```

And equations can be centered in a new line:

```
$$\bar{x} \sim N (\mu,\frac{\sigma}
{\sqrt{n}})$$
```

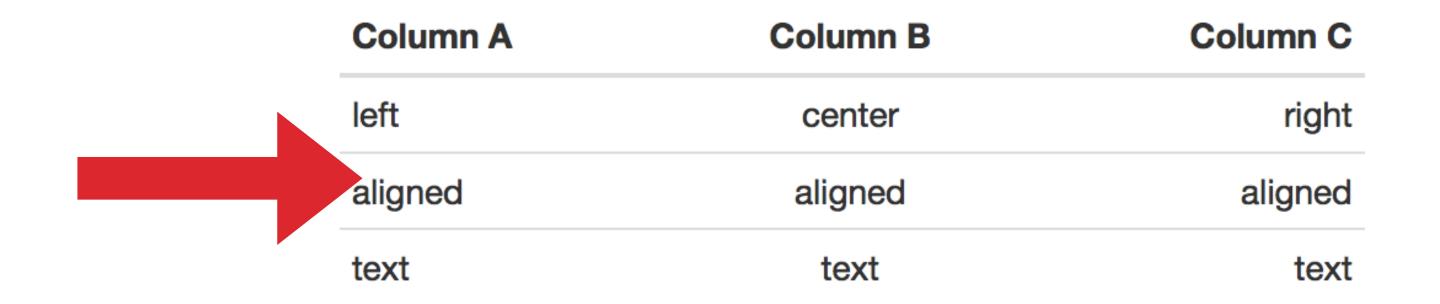
And equations can be centered in a new line:

$$\bar{x} \sim N\left(\mu, \frac{\sigma}{\sqrt{n}}\right)$$



Tables

- Tables are often a bit of a pain...
- Dashes separate the header row from content cells, and pipes separate the columns
- Colons can be used to align columns

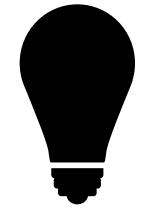




Tips

- The outer pipes (I) on a Markdown table are optional.
- You don't need to make the raw Markdown line up prettily.
- You can use inline Markdown within tables.
- For complicated tables, use R packages e.g. kable & kableExtra

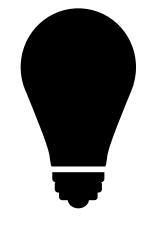




Tips

- ▶ Keep your text to max ~80 characters across, especially if you use a version control system (like git)
- Starting a list? Leave an empty line before the first item on your list
- ▶ Need to test out bits of markdown code without knitting the entire document, use another document with bits and pieces of code to test out





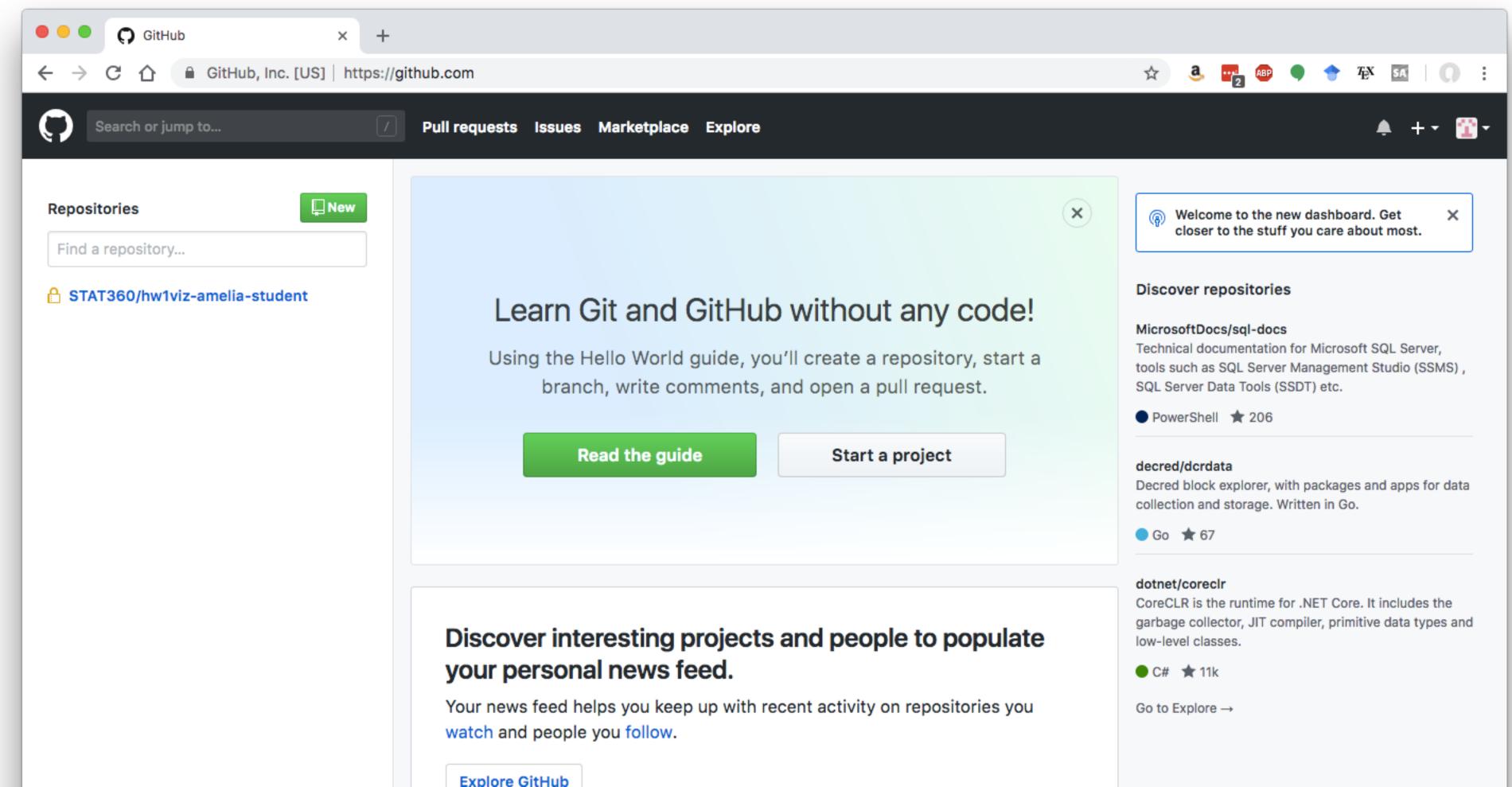
git and Github

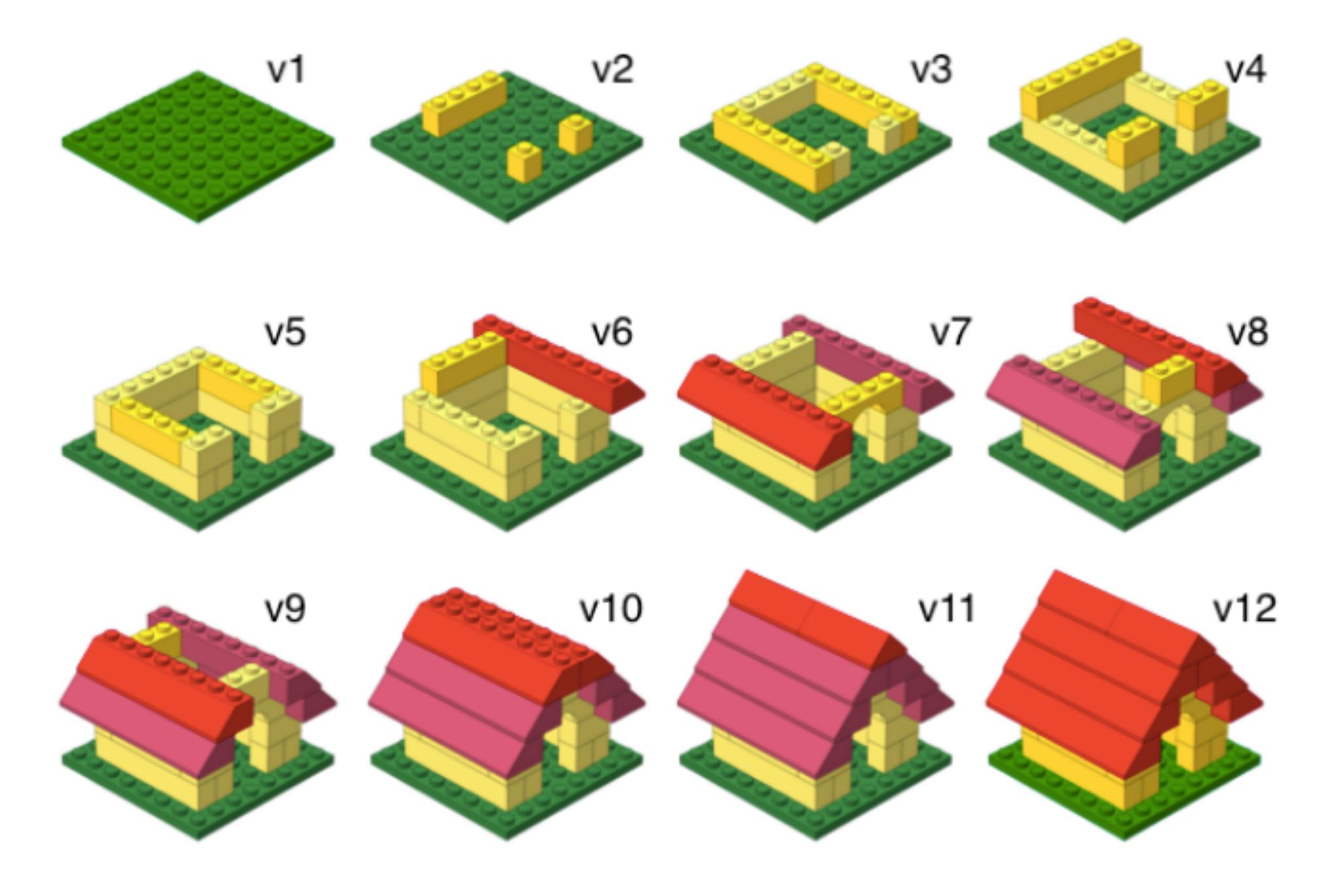
git: a version control system (almost like a programming language)

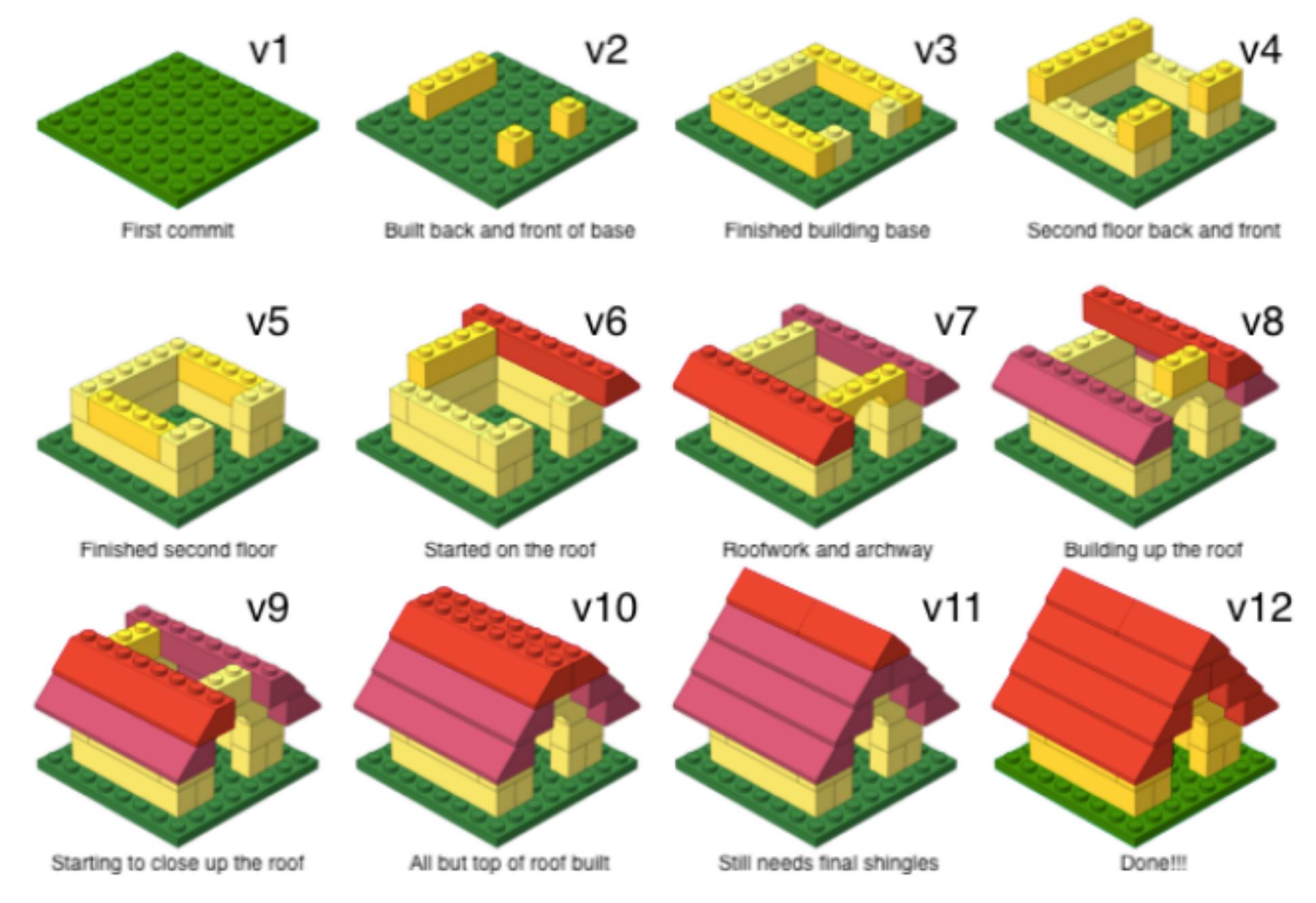
```
    amelia — -bash — 80×24

Last login: Fri Jan 26 19:59:57 on ttys000
MacBook-Air-4:~ amelia$ ■
```

Github: a site to host code (kind of like Dropbox, but better)







"FINAL".doc





FINAL.doc!



FINAL_rev.2.doc



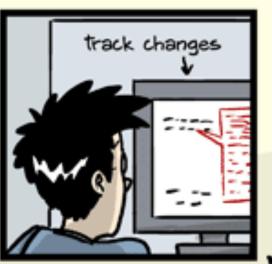
FINAL_rev.6.COMMENTS.doc



FINAL_rev.8.comments5. CORRECTIONS.doc









FINAL_rev.18.comments7.



FINAL_rev.22.comments49. corrections9.MORE.30.doc corrections.10.#@\$%WHYDID ICOMETOGRADSCHOOL????.doc

Con HAND Githtub Ameliam BCL BIL on gunr on my computer

Steps:

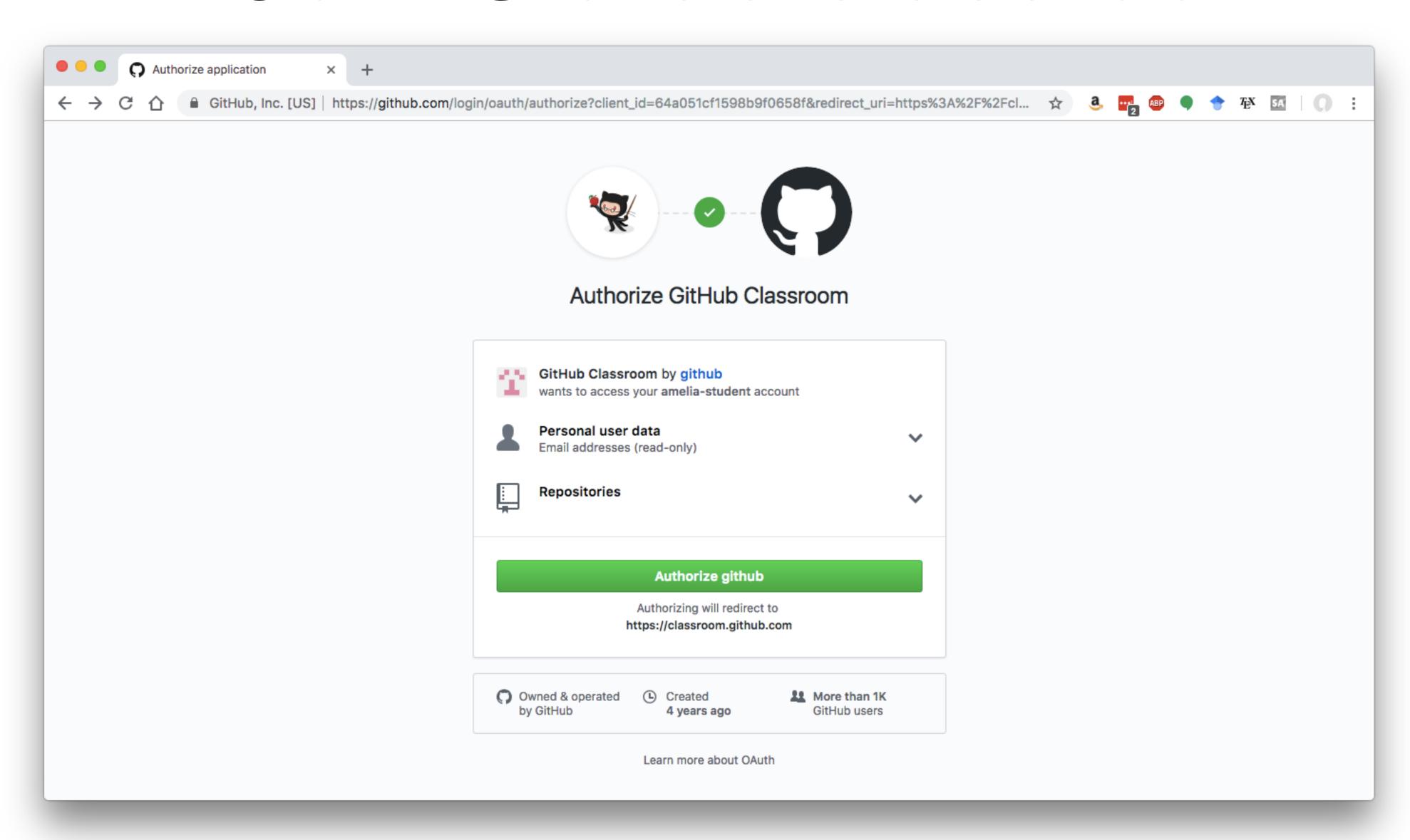
- 1. Join Github classroom for STAT360
- 2. Make a copy of assignment (fork)
- 3. Make a new project in RStudio Cloud "from git repo"
- 4. Introduce yourself to git
- 5. Make changes to RMarkdown
- 6. Commit + push changes
- 7. Check online to make sure it worked

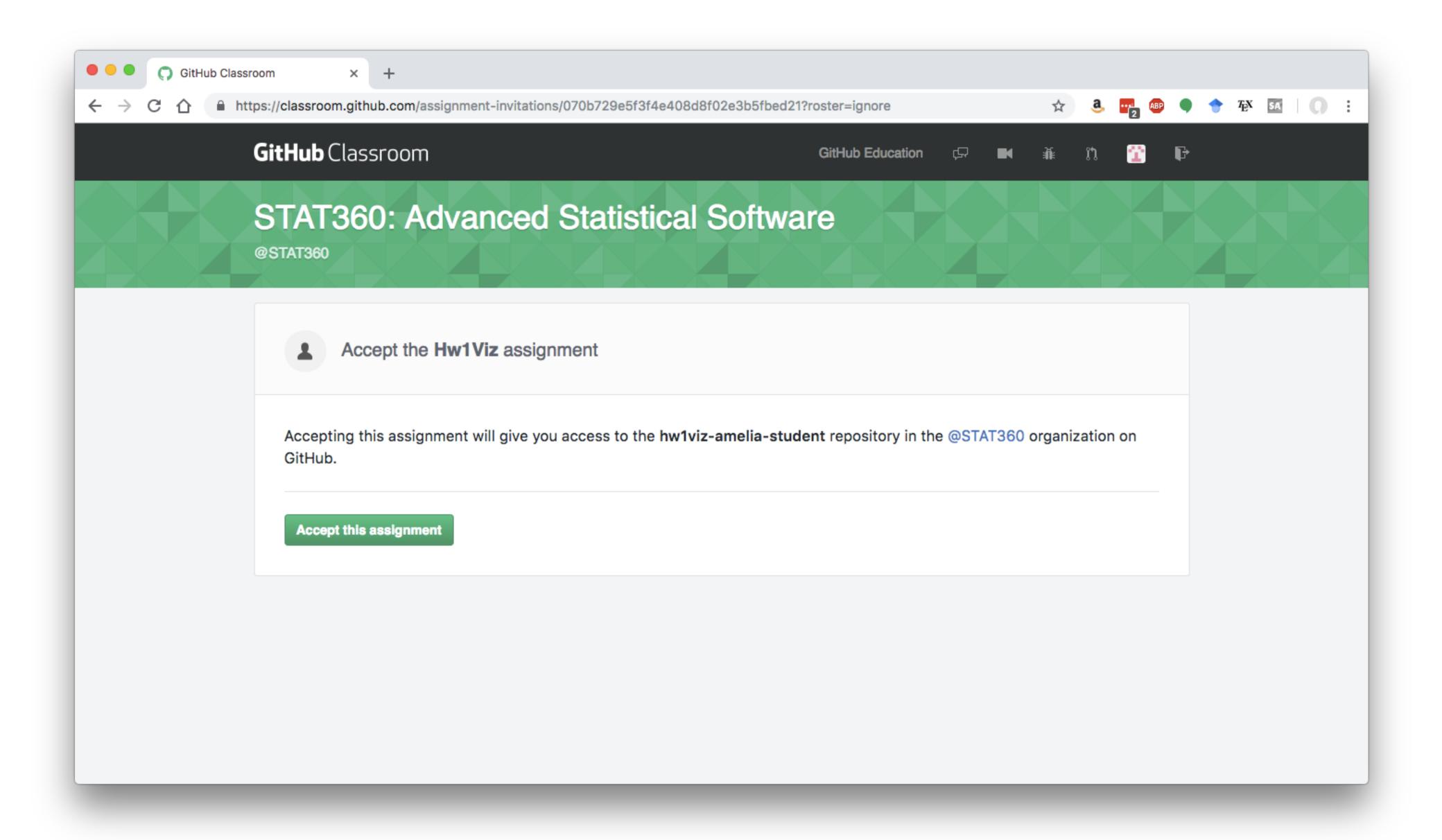
This may require you to verify your email (check your spam filter)

This should be done automatically when you complete step 1

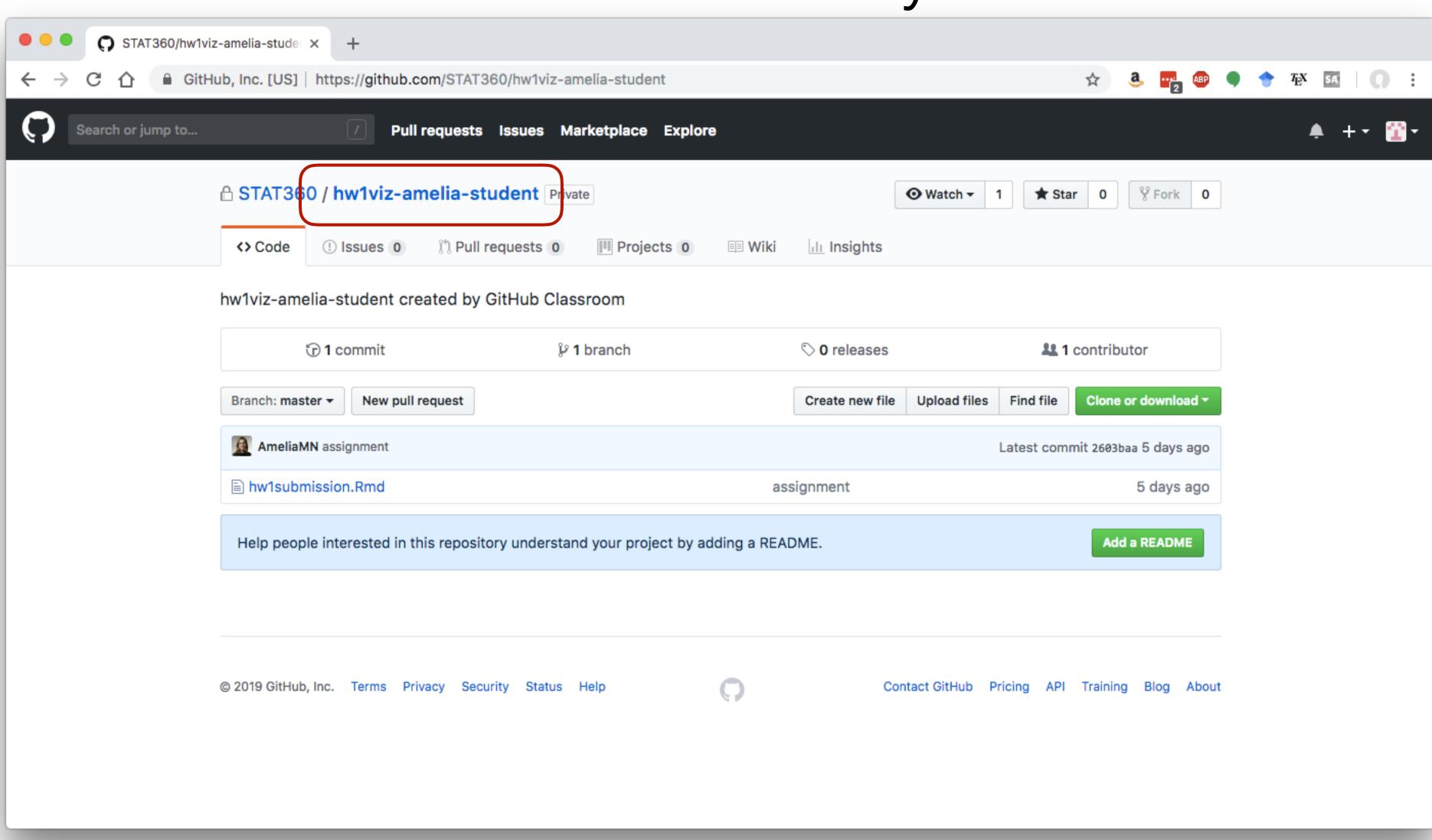
You will have to enter your Github credentials

1. Join Github classroom

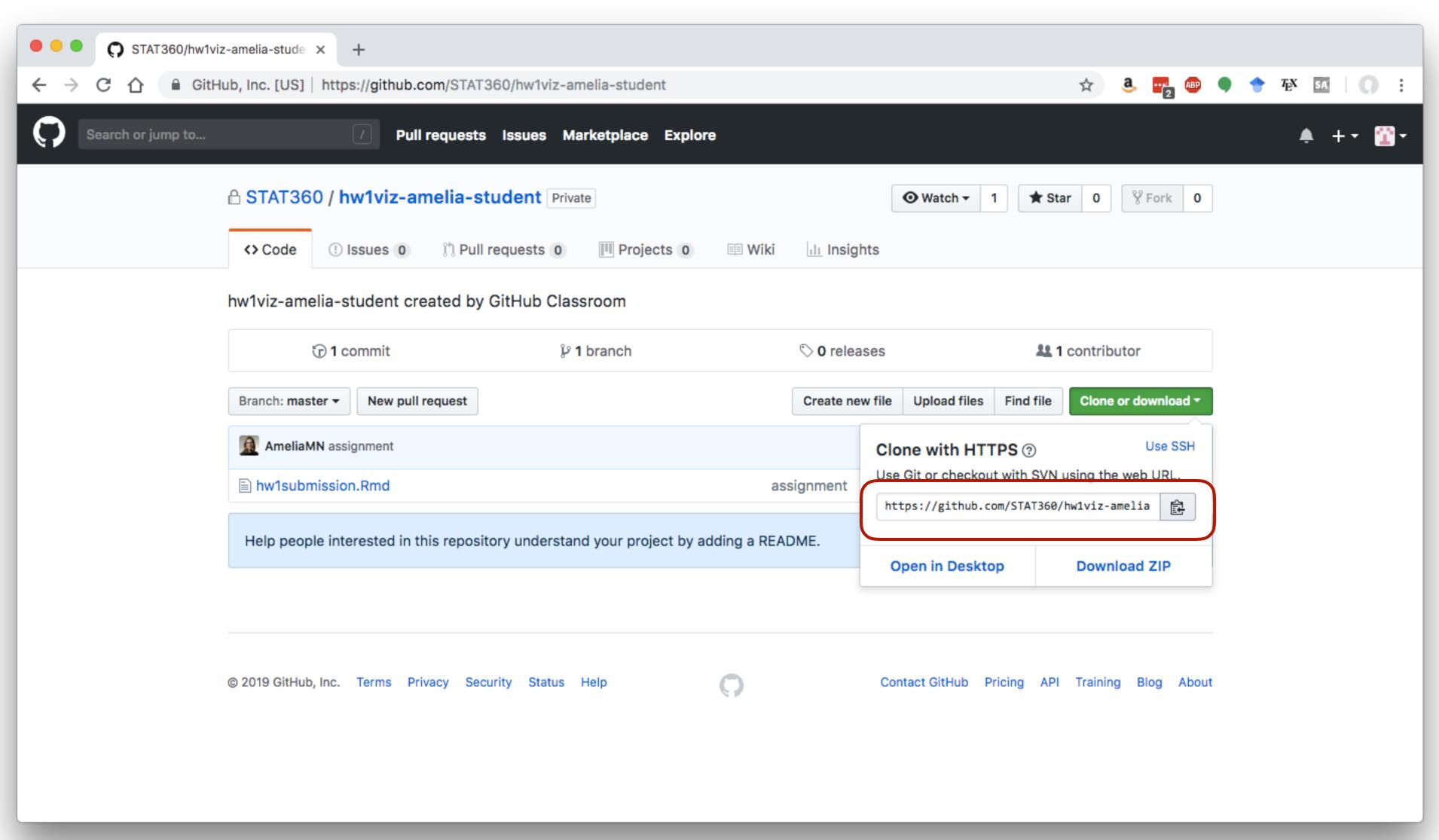




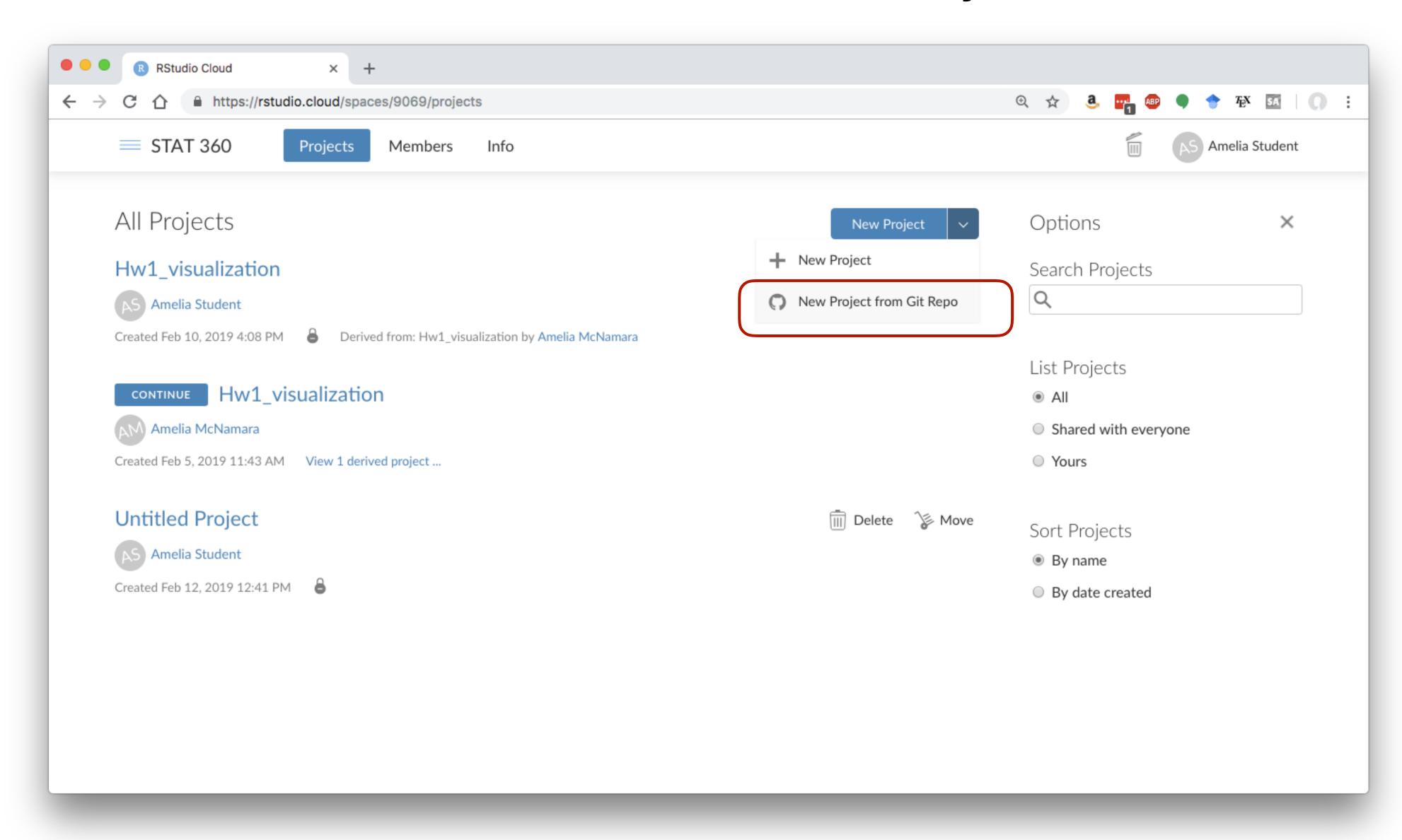
2. Copy assignment—should be made automatically

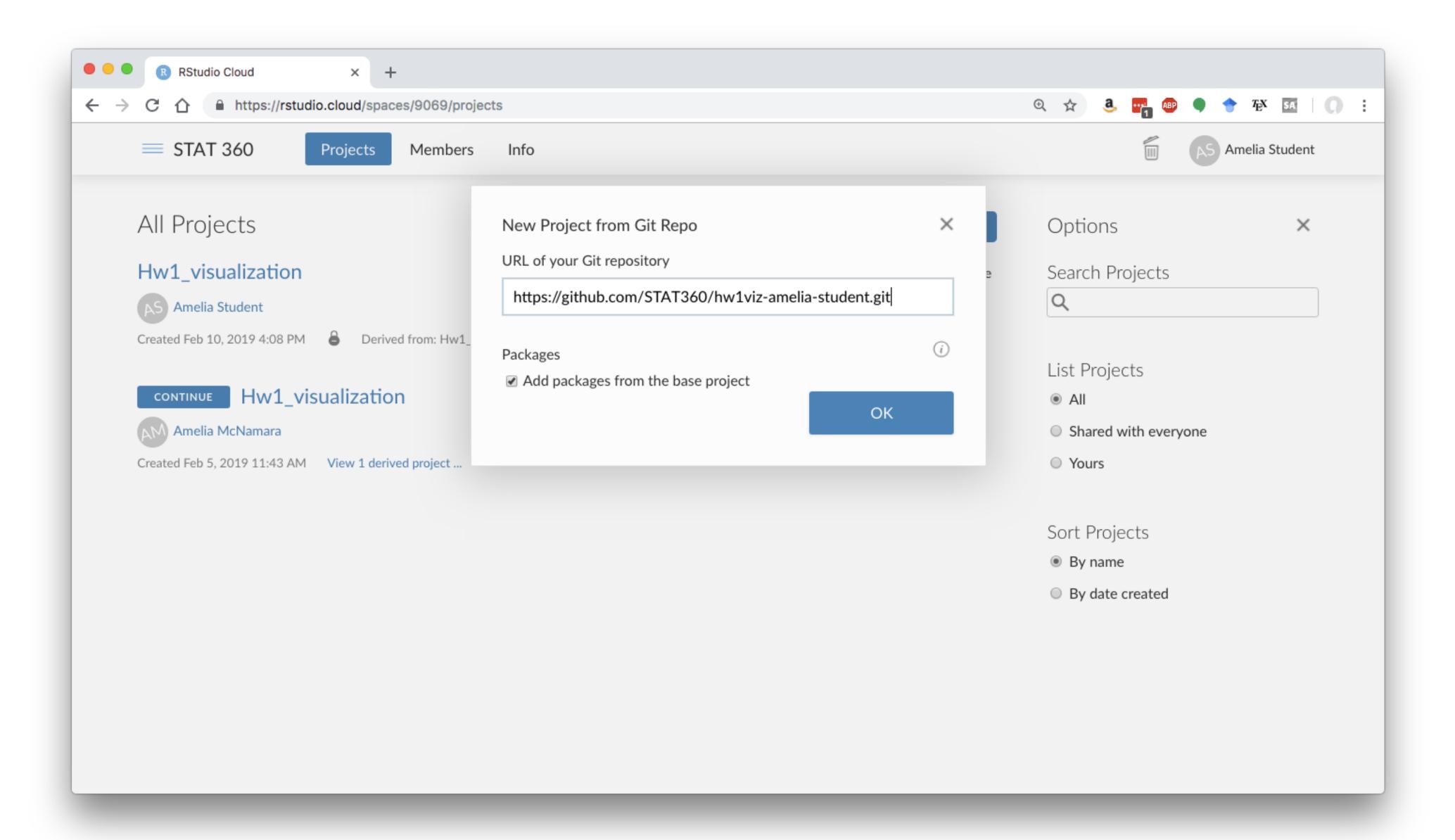


Copy this URL

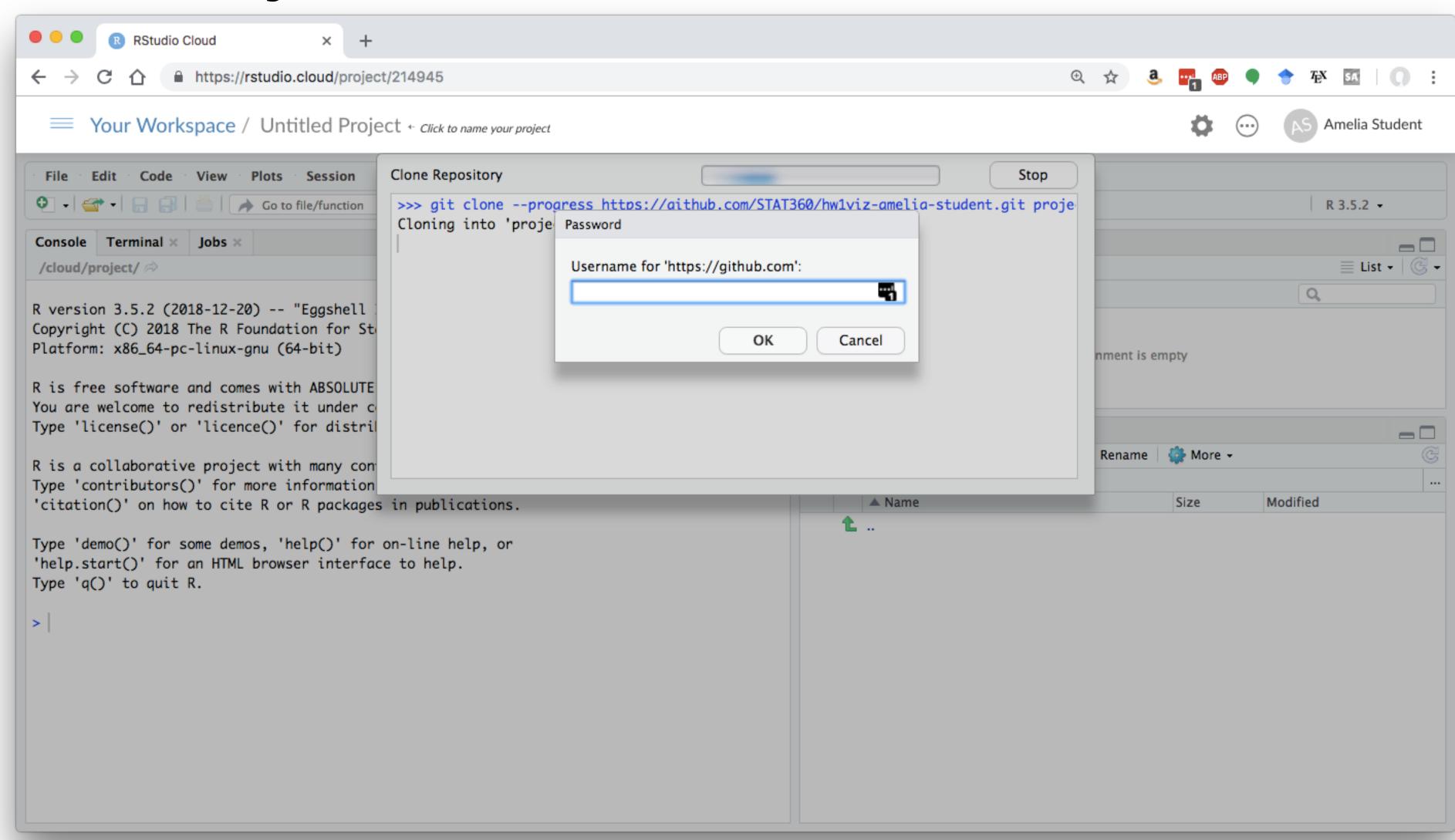


3. Make a new RStudio Cloud Project "from Git Repo"



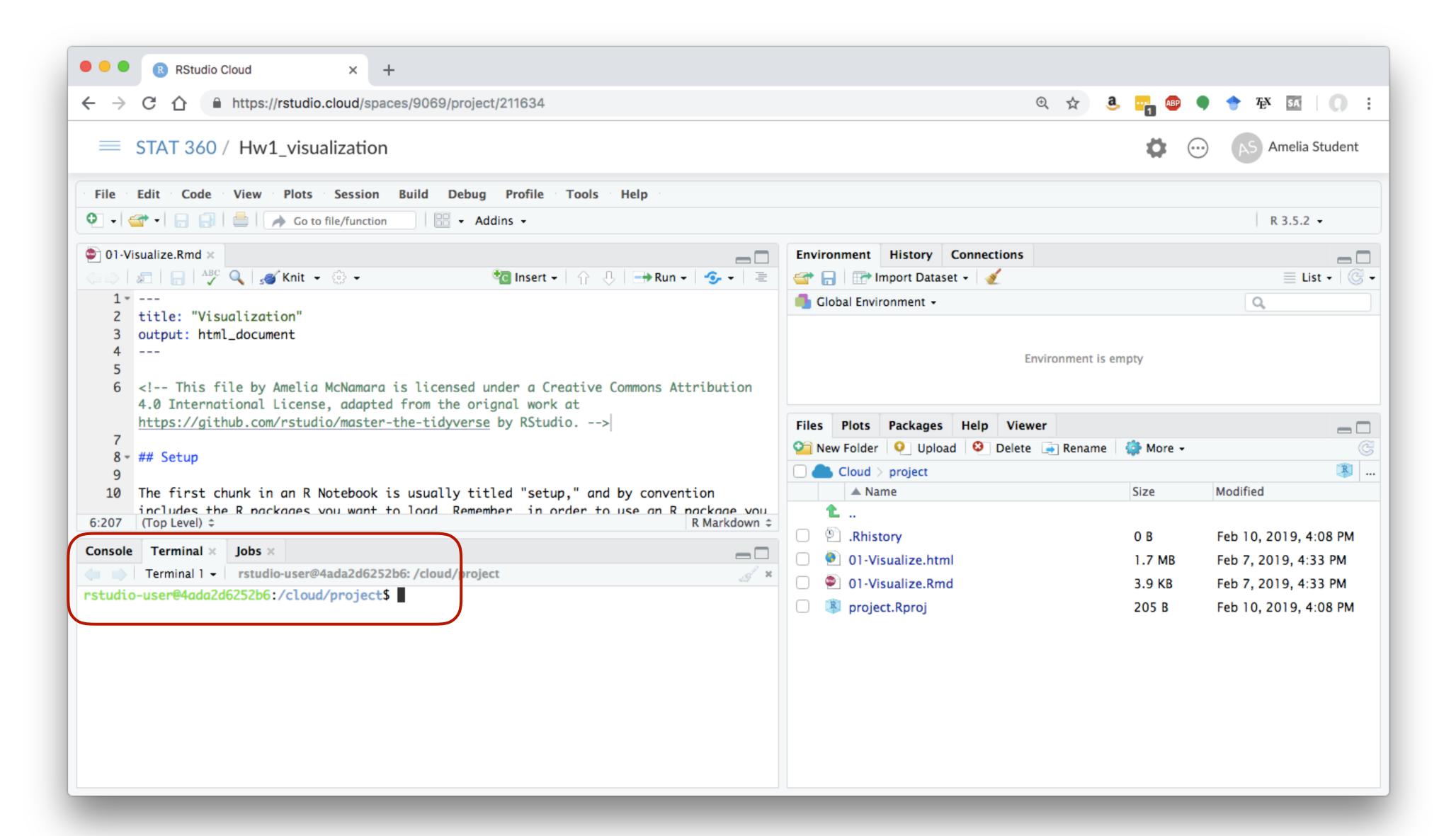


Probably— enter Github credentials

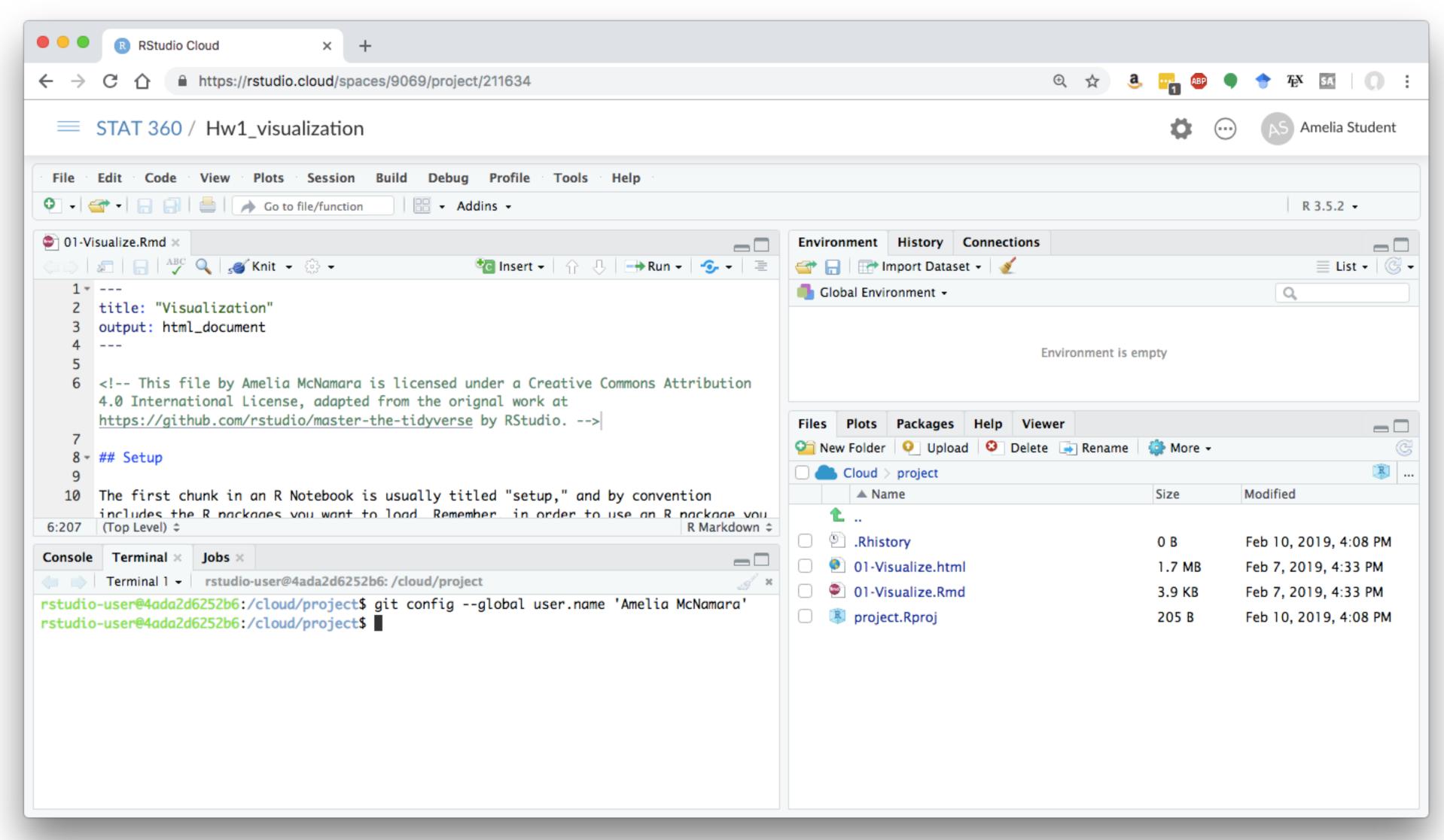


4. Introduce yourself to git

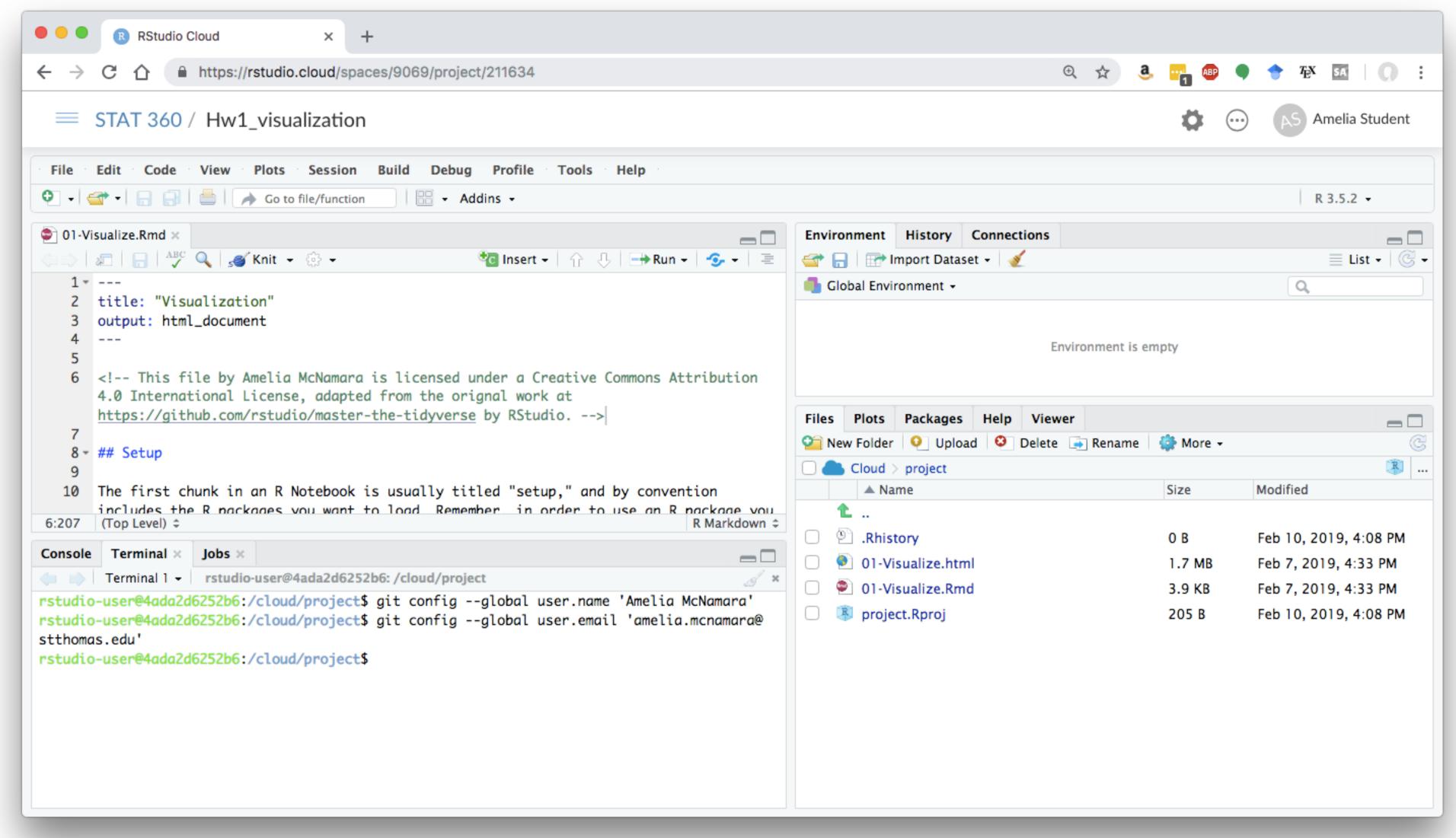
```
git config --global user.name 'Jane Doe'
git config --global user.email 'jane@example.com'
git config --global credential.helper 'cache --timeout 3600'
git config --global --list
```



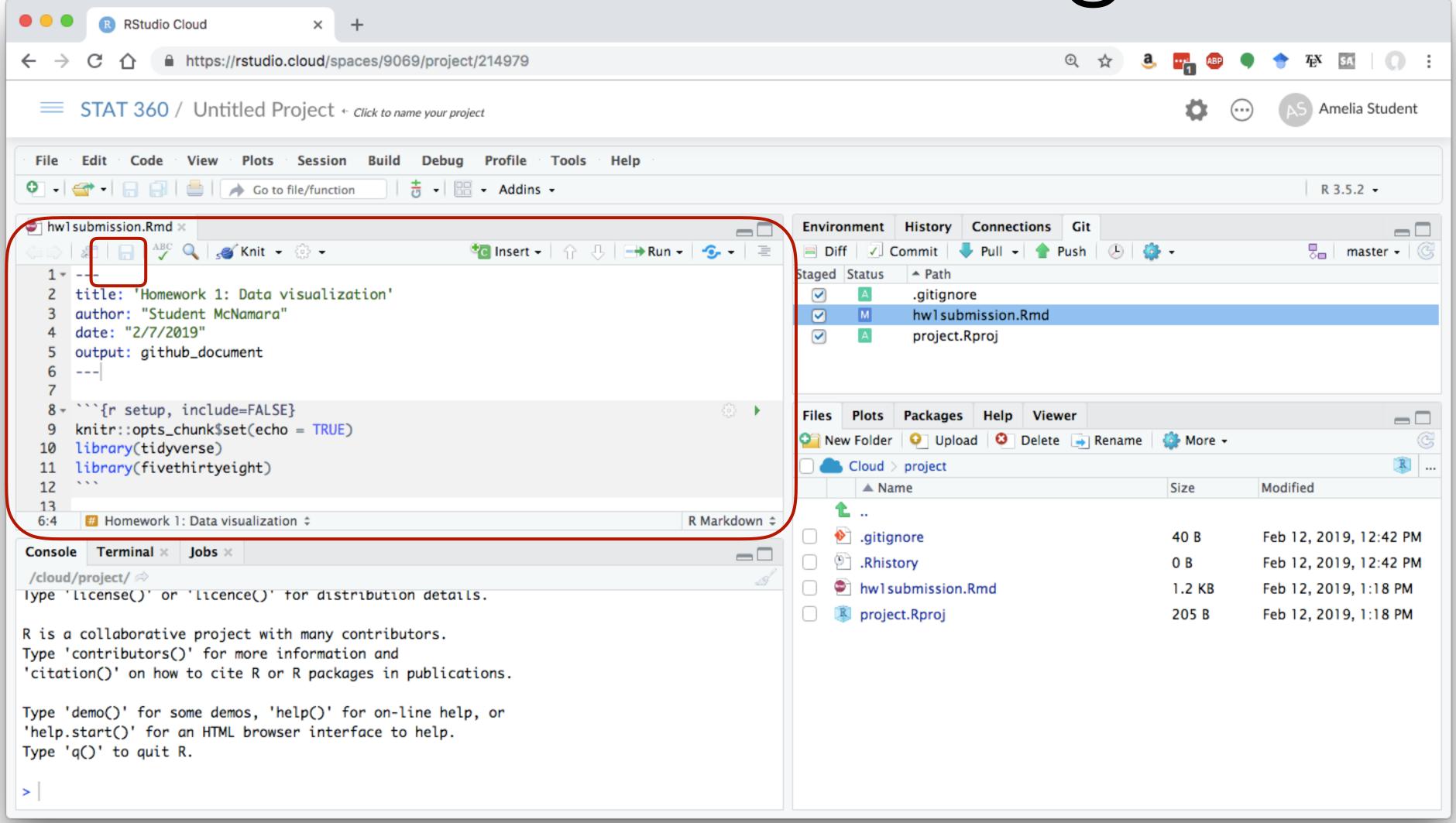
git config --global user.name 'Jane Doe'



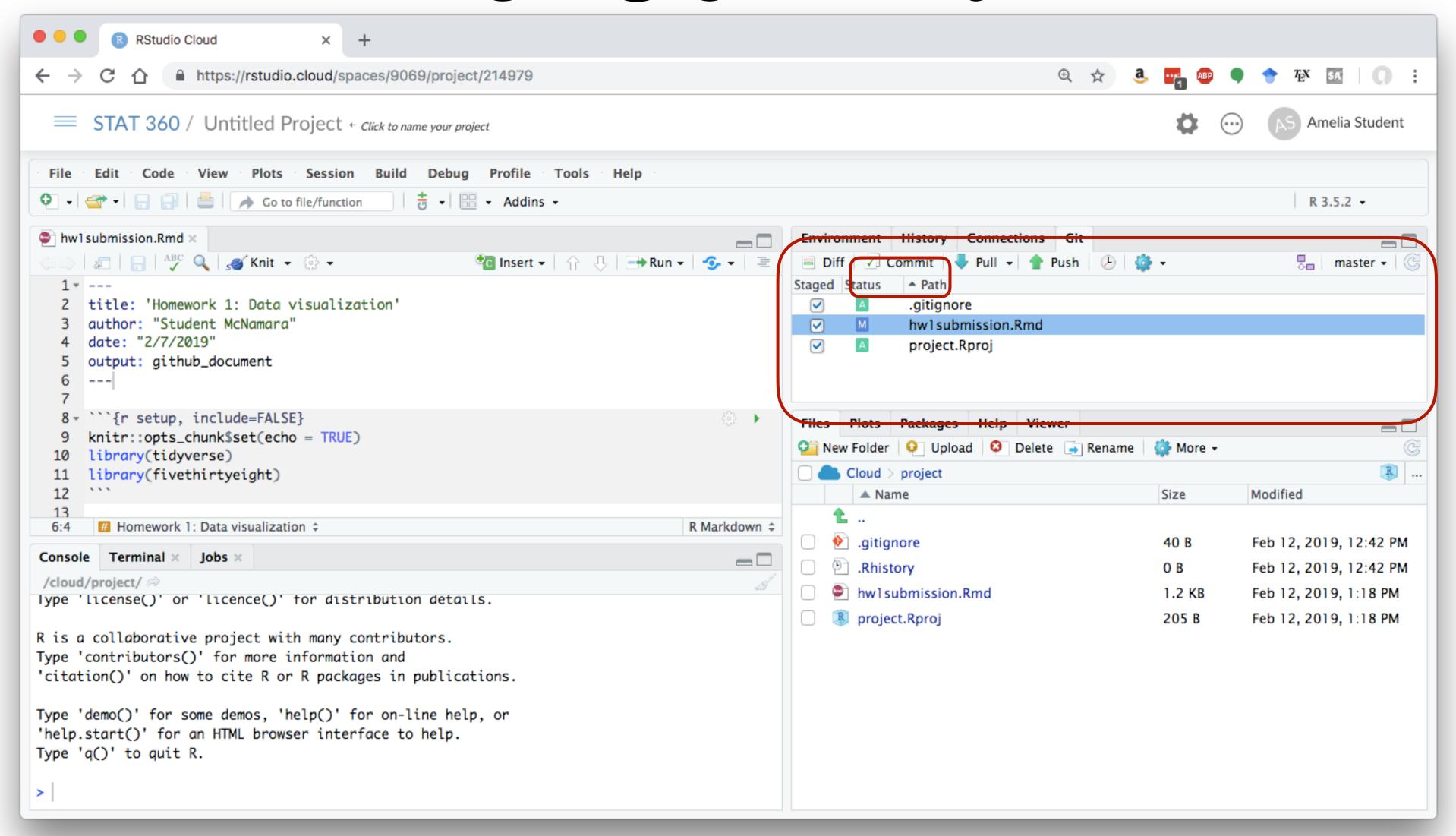
git config --global user.email 'jane@example.com'



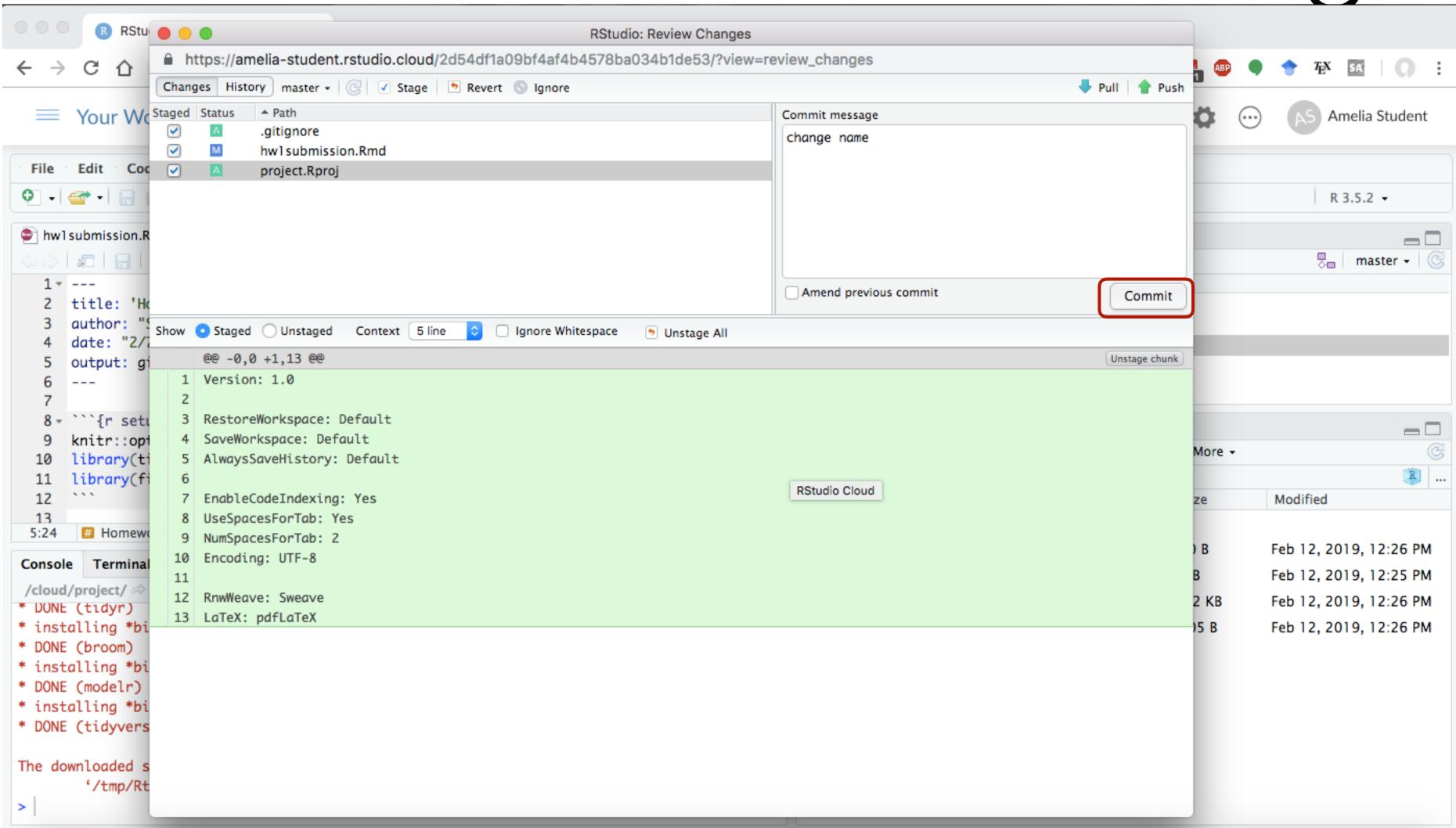
5. Make a change



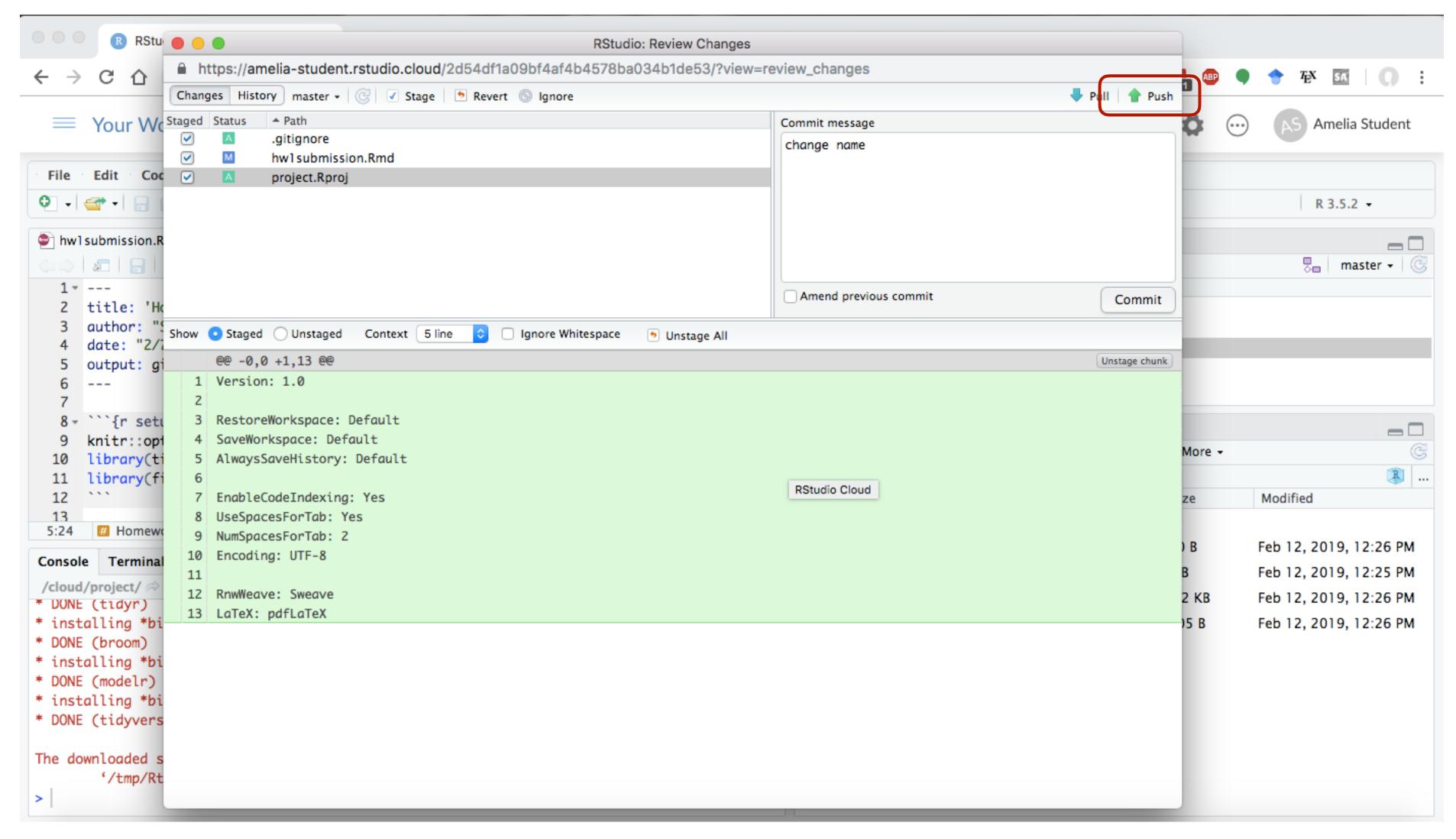
6. Commit



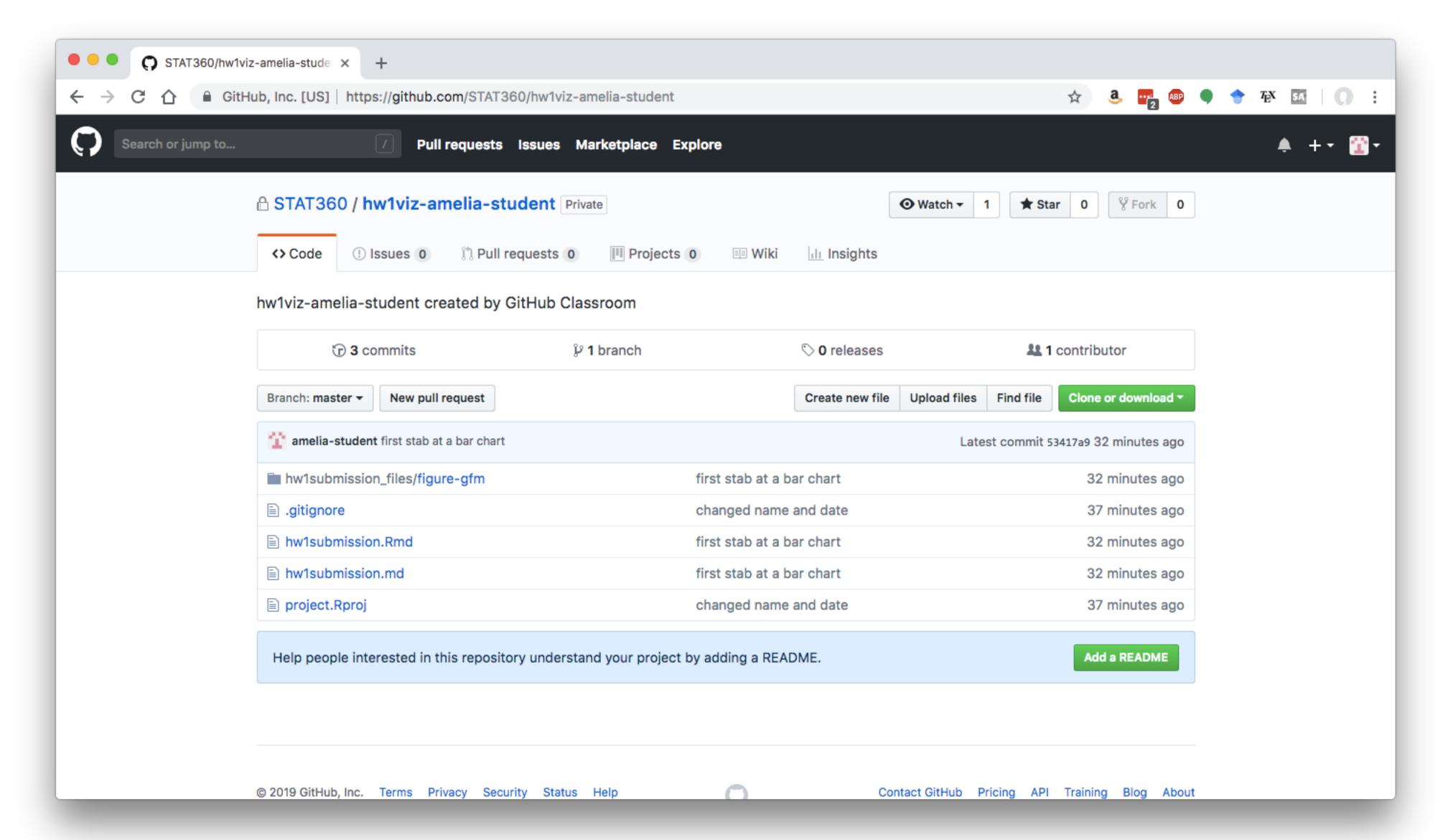
Commit— write a message



Push



7. Go check online



Homework (due next Tuesday 2/19, 1:30 pm)

- Finish the instructions in the .Rmd document
- •Save, commit, push changes to Github
- •I will be looking for a knitted .md document called hw1submission.md with a pretty visualization